

THE CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

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"Liberty and Union, One and Inseparable."—WEBSTER.

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VOL. 43

EMPORIUM, PA., THURSDAY, AUGUST 5, 1909.

NO. 25.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our Regular Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, July 31, 1909.

President Taft has won his fight for tariff revision downward. The "stand pat" forces of the Senate and the House have gone down to defeat. The unholy alliance between Speaker Cannon and ex-Representative Littauer has come to naught. The corporations of the country are to be made to subject their affairs to the clear light of publicity. Justice is to be done to the Filipinos. The people will receive some benefit from a genuine tariff revision and the Republican party, under its new leader, William Howard Taft has demonstrated a capacity to withstand the influence of evil and present a solid front in opposition to the powerful pressure exerted by lobbyists of the protected interests. These are the results of the agreement on the tariff bill which has finally been reached by the conferees and which remains only to be confirmed, as it unquestionably will be, by the Republican majorities in the two houses of Congress.

It required a letter from the President to the conferees, in which, in simple but straightforward terms he declared that if the rate on rough lumber was placed above \$1.25 a thousand feet and the rates on women's gloves were increased above the Dingley law he would "reject" the bill, to bring the conferees to their senses and induce them to provide for that measure of revision downward which Mr. Taft deemed essential. When the time came to write the letter, the President did not hesitate to take the step, however, and the result is one of which all Republicans may well feel proud. The number of reductions contained in the completed bill is far greater than is generally supposed or than the public has had an opportunity to discover. Chairman Payne has presented the results in an effective manner. He shows that the duties have been lowered on \$5,000,000 worth of goods used by the people, while they have been increased on only \$850,000 worth. To arrive at this comparison he takes the year 1905 as basis of comparison which is entirely consistent with the position he has taken all along that the figures of 1907 do not present a fair basis of comparison for the reason that that was a decidedly exceptional year. Mr. Payne shows, moreover, that the increases fall on \$579,000 worth of luxuries, which constitutes two thirds of all the increases. In further exemplification of his contention that the bill constitutes genuine revision of the tariff, Mr. Payne points out that in a number of instances the duties were so high as to be prohibitive, that therefore, there were no importations and in calculating the reductions now and taking the importations of any year under the Dingley law as a basis it is impossible to show how much the people will be benefited because the reductions made will greatly increase the importation of these goods which are necessities, so that figures made a year hence, for instance, would show a still larger percentage of decrease on goods used by the people. The reductions in the metals schedule would benefit every citizen of the country for everyone used metal in some form, from a pen-knife to a plow. The rate on iron ore is decreased from 40 cents to 15 cents a ton; on pig iron from \$4 to \$2.50 a ton, on scrap iron, which is used to work over into metal articles which do not require the highest grade of wrought iron, from \$4 to \$1 a ton, etc.

There has been considerable disposition to oppose the adoption of the tariff report by certain members of the two houses who feel that the industries of their section do not receive sufficient protection, but the indications are that this will abate and the bill will be adopted without any prolonged struggle. There is so much food in the measure that large majorities of the Republicans in both houses will be strongly disposed to promote its enactment and as for the disgruntled "stand patters" the President has made it very clear to them that if the bill should fail he would convene Congress in special session next October and the very commodities which they are most anxious to protect, such as iron ore, hides, lumber, etc., would be subjected to a merciless fire which could not but result in placing them all on the free list. In the Senate there will doubtless be some Republican votes against the bill.

For Sale.

A desirable property, on East Fourth St., Emporium. Lot 60x120; improved by two dwelling houses. Excellent location; next door to Schlecht's Greenhouse. Apply to

MRS. ELLA MCSWANN,

37-ft. Emporium, Pa.

Serious Time.

Esquire M. M. Larrabee, we in common with our readers are sorry to learn, has been having a very painful and serious time for ten days with inflammatory rheumatism. An abscess having formed on his left hip necessitated Dr. DeLong, the attending physician, lancing the painful creature. He is resting easier now and we hope will soon be presiding at Justice's Court again.

Contract Awarded.

The School Board of Lumber township last Saturday awarded the contract for the erection of a one-story, two rooms, solid brick school house at Cameron to W. H. Welsh, of Emporium. The contract price was \$1,848. Mr. Welsh has sub-let the stone and brick contract to James Fitzpatrick and the slating contract to Geo. Wright, the expert slate contractor at this place. The entire team are hustlers and will do a good job.

House Party.

The Misses Calfish, of Keating Summit, are having a house party at their home at that place and are entertaining several friends. Last Saturday the entire bunch swooped down on Emporium in an automobile, and took possession of the town for a short time. The party was composed of the following young ladies: Misses Mary Carr, Ruth Carr and Ruth Dennis, of Bradford; Helen Council, of Sinnamahoning; Eva Noble, of Patton; Doris, Helen and Frances Calfish, of Keating Summit. Mr. Roy Sykes, of Buffalo, was the chauffeur. These young ladies certainly make a merry bunch and keep things lively at the Summit. Come again, ladies.

Attending Wedding.

Mr. J. Pitt Felt and son, Dr. Leon R. Felt and wife, departed for Lansing, Michigan, via Buffalo, last Sunday, to be present at the marriage of Miss Florence Hammond to Floyd Felt, which took place yesterday, August 4th. Miss Hammond visited Emporium last summer and made many friends while here. Floyd, being an Emporium boy, stands high in the regard of all Emporians. The PRESS and their many friends at this place extends congratulations and best wishes for a happy voyage over the sea of life.

Cameron County Sabbath School Association Notes.

The Cameron County Sabbath School Association will hold a district Rally at Rich Valley Church, Sunday, Aug. 15th, at 3 p. m. A fine programme which will appear in next week's PRESS has been prepared and a large attendance is desired. We had a most delightful time at Sizerville and everyone was glad to have been there.

The Annual Convention will be held September 13-14, in Emmanuel Parish House and it is earnestly requested that each school in the county send two (2) delegates. Bear this in mind.

Arrived Safe.

A personal letter received on Monday from Mr. Geo. L. Converse, who left Emporium last month for Missouri, writes ye editor, under date of July 29th, from Granby, Mo., as follows: "We arrived home all O. K. and had a nice trip. We stopped at Niagara Falls over Sunday (July 25th) and enjoyed the pretty sight. We arrived at Kansas City two hours late, the Wabash R. R., being washed out by the heavy rains. Sunday night they suffered a serious wreck, about fifty miles from Kansas City. Six were killed and forty injured. We passed over the same route Monday night and all you could see of the wreck was one coach and part of another. I am feeling fine. Give all our friends our best regards. Geo. L. Converse."

The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. Converse certainly feel interested in their welfare and send regards.

To Stop Pollution.

State Fish Commissioner Meehan lately held a conference with the Elk Tanning Company officers at Ridgway relative to dumping refuse matter in the streams from the chemical factories, paper mills, saw mills and towns. The State Commissioner has taken up the matter in earnest. The Elk Tanning Company have erected plants at forty of their forty-eight tanneries and have provided tank cars to remove the refuse matter to those forty points. After removing the tannic acid used in their business in the making of leather they will burn the residue. The fleshings will be used for fertilizer, after being rectified. Commissioner Meehan intends to insist on their compliance with the law. The tanning interests of the state manifest a disposition to keep refuse out of the streams.

Do You Wish this Condition in America?

In last week's East Emporium Independent Editor Cobden-Hockley said: "The whole cursed tariff fabric is a farce and an imposition on the American masses." England, the champion free trade country of the world has for many years sought to sow seeds of trouble in this country, its Cobden Club sending emissaries into this country to undermine our protective system. Samuel Gompers, president of Federation of Labor, now in England, writes to the Pittsburgh Sunday Gazette: "Times that what impressed him most in London was the awful destitution to be seen on every hand. He was depressed by the evidences of actual suffering on the part of men, women and children who were literally starving. Park benches are filled with ragged men who simply cannot find work to do. Unemployment is generally accepted as 'the chronic feature of England's industrial and social life.' Hosts of human derelicts are simply unable to work for lack of energy. Through long periods of enforced idleness they have become incurably shiftless. 'From time to time those numbers of demoralized, degraded objects, which ought to be men and women, have since formed in my mind's eye a procession, moving along together past me, mournful, hopeless, repellant, a disgrace to our boasted civilization.'"

All visitors to England are struck by the same sad conditions, although they may not be able to present such a graphic description of them as does Mr. Gompers. With all his paternalistic schemes, such as old age pensions, government employment bureaus and poor relief funds, JOHN BULL makes little apparent progress toward alleviating the evils of the widespread disease of poverty. It may be said that the poor we have always with us, and that poverty exists in every country. That is true. But the sordid, grinding, sickening poverty in evidence in Great Britain has few parallels elsewhere. It is a comparatively rare occurrence in an American city for a prosperous looking individual to be accosted by a street beggar. Certainly even in times of greatest business depression one may walk our streets and not be held up in every block by piteous appeals for assistance. English cities swarm with beggars at all times. It is surprising that England should always be harassed by the fear of invasion by a foreign foe and yet seemingly be oblivious to the greater foe within. The best thought of the nation is engaged in formulating means of defense against Germany. In the meantime a more serious menace stalks at home. With conditions in the summer time such as Mr. Gompers describes, one hates to think of what the coming season of cold may bring forth. British statesmen cannot have forgotten the riotous scenes of last winter in which crowds of the unemployed participated. There is every indication that "the worst is yet to come."

Do you wish America and American homes placed on a level with the free trade countries? We imagine none would howl more loudly than the editor of the Independent were the laborers and their wives and children ground down to the low level of Europe. God forbid.

Sad News.

Mr. Alfred Nelson, one of our reliable Swede citizens, received the sad intelligence, last week, of the death of his mother, aged 71 years, in Helsingberg, Sweden.

Auto Trip.

Dr. H. S. Falk, accompanied by F. F. Hilliker, Ermine Rentz and Geo. Huffman left last Sunday on a tour to eastern points, taking in Williamsport, Harrisburg, Lancaster and other points, to be absent one week.

Big Orders.

Ritter-Conley Manufacturing Company, of Pittsburgh, the same firm that erected the Emporium furnace, have bagged two big orders—one for \$1,250,000 and a \$750,000—and reports business constantly increasing. Let 'er boom.

Baptist Church.

Owing to the absence of the pastor, Rev. J. L. Bogue, there will be no preaching services next Sunday, Aug. 8th. Sunday school and the C. E. meeting will be held the same as usual. Regular services the following Sunday, August 15th.

Girl Wanted.

A good, strong, healthy girl wanted to work in the Laundry. Steady work at good salary.

EMPORIUM LAUNDRY.

LOST.—A small gold P. O. S. of a pin. Finder please leave same at this office.

Bright Prospects.

Never in the history of this county have the prospects looked better than now. Soon, within a few days, every labor employing plant in the county will be in full blast, employing hundreds of men. The repairs at the Iron Furnace will be completed within a few days, the coke operations repaired and with a railroad up Sterling Run for a distance of 2 1/2 miles to tap the new coal veins on the Noyes and Duffy lands, as well as other purchases the Emporium Iron Co., will have plenty of good coking coal—the old Mt. Hope vein—to last many years.

The prospects for a boom in Emporium are good and it is up to our citizens to get a move on and relegate the "knockers" to the rear. All citizens should take an unselfish interest in our town and work for the advancement of every new project or industry that will push our town and county to the front. With sensible, sane and persistent efforts we can make this little county rank with the larger counties, at least from a business stand, if not area. Our already world-wide reputation as the dynamite centre, has and now is, attracting attention this way. Let us be up and doing and get aboard Uncle Sam's band wagon, now preparing for the greatest era of prosperity ever known in the past.

The Sizerville Encampment.

To the Editor of the Press:—As the date for the Boys' Brigade Encampment at Sizerville, August 11th to 13th, is drawing very near, I should like, through your columns, to urge upon the boys and their parents the importance of taking hold earnestly during these last days to make the Encampment a success. The Boys' Brigade has proved itself an organization of estimable value for the boys, but let us not forget that its continued success and usefulness are dependent upon the loyalty and interest of the boys and upon the co-operation of parents and friends. Parents are under obligations to see that the boys attend the drills, show proper respect and obedience to orders, and keep their dues paid up; and also to help them in every necessary way.

In regard to the Encampment, we desire a large attendance of the members of the companies as possible. I am trying to find out just who expect to go and who do not, and I ask those who are yet in uncertainty to decide definitely at once and let me know. The Encampment expense, so far as each individual boy is concerned will not exceed \$3.00. That amount will about pay for the provisions. There will be some general battalion expenses in connection with the Encampment which we shall have to meet by public subscription. It will be necessary for each boy who goes to camp to pay this \$3.00.

Since the first organization of Company M. I have kept a detailed account of all moneys received and expended by me for the company. I shall be glad to show this account to any one, at any time. At the first of the present year the total receipts since the beginning of the company, were \$346.50; expenditures, \$376.75, the difference of \$30.25, having been advanced for the company. Since then I have received for the company \$51.73, and have expended \$36.03, reducing the above deficit to \$14.55. In this statement is not included some \$16.00, the proceeds of Tag-Day and athletic events, July 5th.

It is desired by Captain Ellis that every member of both companies be present next Monday evening. Major Bliss expects to be present for a final review before camp.

The Ridgway companies expect to arrive by the noon train on Wednesday, August 11th. The companies will meet them at the station and escort them to the place of drill, where the Ridgway boys will be assigned as guests of the Emporium boys for dinner. After dinner the battalion will form and march to Sizerville.

J. M. ROBERTSON,

Chaplain of Companies L and M.

Emporium, Pa., Aug. 4, 1909.

Monster Trout.

James Wright caught a monster brown trout last Friday while fishing on main Rich Valley stream, at Bobby Run bridge. The beauty measured nineteen inches and weighed over two pounds. We have not heard of a larger trout being caught in this county this year. His good wife stuffed and baked the fish for supper last Saturday. Jas. is smacking his chops yet.

Prosperity is with us again. Statesmen and business men agree that business conditions are brighter than they have been for a long time.

LOST.—Ladies gold watch and fob; monogram F. D. F. Finder please leave at Press office.

To-Night.

There will be a meeting at the Reading Room, this (Thursday) evening, for the purpose of organizing a Woman's Christian Temperance Union. The public is cordially invited to attend.

Base Ball.

The St. Marys Collegians and Company M, of this place will play a game at Keystone Park, Saturday afternoon at 3:30. Let everybody turn out and aid Company M.

Mr. Baker Sick.

Mr. Baker, the piano tuner of Williamsport, who has been sick at City Hotel during the past two or three days, was compelled to go to his home to-day. He desires us to inform his patrons that he will return in a few days to complete work.

Moved to Emporium.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Regelman and children have moved from Williamsport to Emporium and will locate here permanently, having rented the Herbert Day dwelling on Fifth street. Mrs. Regelman is eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Ancker. We welcome them to Emporium.

Investigation Started.

One of the Deaconesses from Lake Bluff, Ills., Orphanage Home, was in Emporium last week, looking after the welfare of two little grand children of Mrs. Kephart, now in the orphanage home at Lake Bluff, Ills. We hope that Mrs. Kephart will be successful in again securing her little grand-child, taken from her so treacherously over a year ago, after remaining with her nearly four years becoming her dearest treasure.

Attending State Convention.

John J. Quigley left on Tuesday for Harrisburg to attend the Democratic state convention as delegate from this county. It is his first attendance upon a convention. The formality of naming a state ticket, composed of the following gentlemen was pulled off yesterday, at the request of Boss Guffey, whom the late Jas. Kerr ousted from the late Democratic National Convention, at the request of Candidate Bryan. "We hate to do it, but we must." For Auditor General—J. W. Clark, of Indiana; for State Treasurer—Ex-Congressman George W. Kipp, of Bradford; for Justice of the Supreme Court—C. La Rue Munson, of Williamsport.

From Emporium to Williamsport and Return by Auto.

Mrs. Josiah Howard, accompanied by two of her children, Miss Dorothy and Master Bobby; also her mother, Mrs. Margaret Beisel, and sister, Mrs. Ida Cavey, autoed to Williamsport last Monday morning, leaving here at nine a. m., stopping two hours for dinner and "feed" for the machine, and arriving at Williamsport at 8:30 p. m. W. A. Dalrymple was at the helm as usual while Bobby watched for rattlesnakes. Mrs. Beisel and Mrs. Cavey will visit old friends at McEwensville before returning home, which will be next Saturday. They made the down trip without any mishaps and hope to come back with a clear record.

Gigging for Fish.

J. H. Stephens headed a party of expert "giggers" one night recently. Jack was armed with one of those Minard's smooth pronged spears, made out of a large fork used by Dick Kelley 20 years ago at the Cameron ox roast, while Moose manipulated a back-action mop handle. They might have captured some fish had not "Jack's" rubber boots sprung a leak at the heels and the soles dropped out, but that would not have deterred him from diving after the nineteen inches had he not left his shoes at Rentz's porch and had to return the new (?) boots he borrowed for the occasion. Jack has not been well ever since the experience and Moose will not eat fish even on Friday.

It would be difficult to find anywhere else in the state as fine a group of buildings as adorn the campus of the Lock Haven Normal School. They are on a commanding elevation facing the beautiful West Branch, are surrounded by the picturesque rolling hills of the Allegheny system, and, most important of all, the drainage is perfect. The school is most fortunate in having plenty of pure mountain water. School opens September 6th. Address the Principal for a catalog.

Big Cut in Prices.

The Broad street hardware firm of Dinny, Burnside & Co., are offering big cut prices in their new adv. this week.

Equipment orders to the amount of \$5,000,000 are being placed by the Pennsylvania railroad.

THE WEATHER.

FRIDAY, Fair.
SATURDAY, Fair.
SUNDAY, Showers.

First National Bank,

EMPORIUM, PA.

At the close of business, Aug. 4, 1909.

\$812,493.13.

RESULT—INDEPENDENCE.
The dollars saved during youth afford capital for investment later in life. Every hundred dollars you save makes it easier to acquire thousands. You can begin saving now.

\$1.00 Starts an Account.
3% INTEREST PAID ON SAVING BOOK DEPOSITS.

DR. LEON REX FELT,
DENTIST.

Rockwell Block, Emporium, Pa.

DR. H. W. MITCHELL,
DENTIST.

(Successor to Dr. A. B. Mead.)
Office over A. F. Vogt's Shoe Store
Emporium, Pa. 12y

E. O. BARDWELL, M. D.,
Rockwell Block, Emporium, Pa.
Hours: 8:00 a. m., 1:00 to 3:00 and 7:00 to 8 p. m.

Council Proceedings.

Regular meeting Borough Council, Emporium, Aug. 2nd, 1909. Present, Messrs. Goodnough, Howard, Pearsall, Green, Foster and Mumford.
Absent, Messrs. Kishell, Cummings and Spencer.

Minutes of last regular and special meetings read and approved.

Moved by Mr. Pearsall, seconded by Mr. Howard, that the street committee make arrangements to prevent water from flowing on John Hogan's property, which flows from the property above. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Howard, seconded by Mr. Mumford, that claim of Mrs. Swartwood for injuries sustained by her falling on sidewalk, be laid over pending an investigation. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Howard, seconded by Mr. Foster, that a refunding order be drawn in favor of Peter Ferguson for \$1.25 on account of reduction in valuation of his property by the Cameron county commissioners. Carried.

The bills were read and on motion by Mr. Foster, seconded by Mr. Mumford, following bills were ordered paid:

P. V. Heilman & Co., invoice.....	\$3.75
Lee Halderman, draying.....	3.25
Emporium Iron Co., invoice.....	2.25
John Welsh, work on streets.....	25.10
James Murray, work on streets.....	8.75
Ed. Huff, team on streets.....	6.00
John Flemming, work on streets.....	36.75
F. D. Logan, team on streets.....	14.40
John Fredette, work on streets.....	3.50
James Davis, work on streets.....	10.50
Herman Anderson, work on streets.....	5.25
Dan Shugart, work on streets.....	5.25
Peter Ferguson, work on streets.....	3.50
D. C. Hayes, use of wagon.....	3.80
Chas. Welsh, work on streets.....	12.25
Harry Foster, work on streets.....	8.75
Owen Dinny, team on streets.....	2.00
Geo. J. LaBar, team on streets.....	12.00
Geo. Puscar, work on streets.....	2.65
Joe Patarak, work on streets.....	8.75
Baldy Saxton, work on streets.....	8.75
G. F. Balcom, invoice.....	8.36
N. J. Swartz, work on streets.....	7.00
Levi Smith, invoice.....	12.05
Doubladay, Hill Electric Co., invoice.....	30.00
Dearborn Electric Co., invoice.....	1.65
Atlantic Refining Co., invoice.....	7.04
F. E. Rowley, invoice.....	1.25

Burgess and Treasurer's reports read and ordered filed; amounts as follows: Balance on hand July 1, 1909, \$1,241.51; receipts during month \$18.62; expenditures, \$677.24; balance on hand July 31, 1909, \$582.89.

Moved by Mr. Green, seconded by Mr. Foster, that Shippen township be permitted to connect with the sewer, provided they allow no surface water to enter sewer and at no expense to the Borough. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Green, seconded by Mr. Howard, that the street committee be instructed to build side walk on the north side of City Hall to conform with present location of building. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Howard, seconded by Mr. Mumford, that the street committee be authorized to purchase 48 ft of 18 in. sewer pipe. Carried.
The resignation of Mr. I. K. Hockley from the Board of Health, was read and the Burgess being present, appointed Mr. H. G. Tompkins to fill the vacancy caused by Mr. Hockley's resignation and on motion by Mr. Foster, seconded by Mr. Mumford, the appointment of Mr. Tompkins was confirmed.

On motion Council then adjourned.
R. C. MOORE, Sec'y.

DoWitt's Little Early Risers, the pleasant, safe, sure, easy little liver pills. A salve you may always depend upon in any case where you need salve, is DeWitt's Carbolic Witch Hazel Salve—especially good for Piles. Sold by all druggists.

CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

H. H. MULLIN, Editor.

Published Every Thursday.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

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ADVERTISING RATES:

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion. Rates by the year, or for six or three months, are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.
 Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, 12c; each subsequent insertion 10c per square.
 Local notices 10 cents per line for one insertion; 5 cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.
 Obituary notices over five lines, 10 cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.
 Business cards, five lines or less, 45c per year; over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising.
 No local inserted for less than 75 cents per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the Press is complete and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO LAW PRINTING.
 No paper will be discontinued until arrears are paid, except at the option of the publisher.
 Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

A BILLION-DOLLAR ERA.

The incorporation in the United States during May of railroad, industrial and other companies having a capital stock of \$258,459,900 gives an idea of the wonderful commercial expansion of the country, says the New York World. Incidental testimony to the same effect is furnished by the speedy absorption by investors of the \$10,000,000 issue of preferred stock put out by a new dry goods combination. E. H. Harriman said to the newspaper men who asked him about the report that he was going abroad to dispose of \$150,000,000 of bonds, "I wouldn't have to go out of this house to do that in half an hour." This is truly a billion-dollar era. Where the last generation figured in millions, the common multiple of the present-day business world is \$100,000,000. To what lengths is the multiplication of millions to go? Estimates of \$1,000,000 have dwindled by comparison to modest competencies. At the present rate of increase the "swollen fortunes" of to-day may tomorrow excite no public concern, being dwarfed by the greater hoards heaped up and reduced to negligible consequence in the light of the graver problems in the regulation of capital which may then be expected to demand attention.

Thomas Jones, who owns a big ranch on San Juan Island, lost a collie dog last fall for nearly a month, and for several days searched the woods about his place zealously for the animal, without success. One day he tossed a bone to another collie. Instead of gnawing it, he picked it up and started for the woods. He kept turning his head, apparently to see if he was followed, and Jones concluded to follow him. The dog trotted along for about a mile and stopped at the edge of an abandoned well. He dropped the bone over the edge of the well. Jones got a ladder, climbed down and found the dog that had been lost, says the London Telegraph. There was only about two inches of water in the well, but the animal would have starved to death had it not been for the other. The lost dog was in good condition, and as it had been missing 21 days the other animal must have kept it supplied with food for nearly a month.

Is the college cheer to go? The conference of 19 New England colleges held in Boston adopted a resolution affirming that "organized cheering at intercollegiate contests, in so far as it is obviously intended to disconcert the opposing team, should be discouraged as being unsportsmanlike and therefore unworthy of the spirit of fair play among college men." This looks like "a counsel of perfection"—an ideal "too pure and good for human nature's daily food." If the boys will stop slugging there are many who will be content that they shall continue to cheer and yell.

The increase in immigration is another sure indication of widespread belief that the improvement in industrial conditions has come to stay and is bound to furnish widening opportunities for employment. Accompanied by greater restrictions as to the character of the persons admitted, this new rush should assure the country a large supply of desirable labor.

A Philadelphia girl has had her heart sewed up. If the operation proves entirely successful, some sort of a surgical sewing machine will have to be invented without delay.

The present question of the times is geographical, as well as political and historical. It is evident that the map of Europe is on the point of being much altered.

An Illinois boy is a king in one of the Fiji islands, but it is doubtful if he has ever been able to develop a taste for fricassee missonary.

"The ex-sultan hates women." Do you blame him? Girls that work in candy factories can't bear caramels.

An Amherst professor will study Mars from a balloon. It helps so much to get a few hundred feet closer.

INCREASES AND DECREASES IN NEW TARIFF BILL

Schedules as Compared with the Rates Under the Existing Dingley Measure.

HIDES ON THE FREE LIST

Marked Reduction in Wood Pulp and Print Paper—Rough Lumber Down from \$2 to \$1.25 Per Thousand Feet—Wool Schedule Shows Little Change—Corporation Tax Law Provided For—Bonds to Build Panama Canal.

Washington.—The schedules of the new tariff bill, with comparisons with rates under the Dingley measure, are as follows:

Rough lumber goes down from \$2 to \$1.25 per thousand feet, with corresponding reduction in the differential on dressed lumber.

The wool schedule underwent no change of consequence, but the entire cotton schedule was reconstructed



Srenno E. Payne.
Republican House Leader.

and the phraseology greatly changed in the hope of preventing reductions through decisions by the courts such as have characterized the administration of the Dingley law during latter years. In many instances the rates intended to be imposed by the Dingley law were cut by the decisions, the reductions in some instances being from 60 per cent. to eight per cent. ad valorem. It is estimated that the rates fixed by the bill are about three per cent. higher upon an average than those collected on cotton last year.

Probably the most marked reductions throughout any schedule in the bill as a result of the action of the two houses and of the conference committee are found in the metal schedule. Beginning with a decrease in the rate of iron ore from 40 to 15 cents per ton, there is a general reduction throughout that portion of the bill, pig iron going down from \$4 to \$2.50 per ton, and scrap iron from \$4 to \$1. The reduction on many of the items in this schedule amounts to about 50 per cent., and this reduction includes steel rails. There is an increase on structural steel ready for use and also a slight increase on razors, nippers and pliers, and on such new metals as tungsten.

Rates on Hosiery Increased.

The rates on hosiery are generally increased. In the much contested matter of the rate on gloves the high protectionists fail to score. They sought, through an increase made by the house, to raise the duty materially above the Dingley figures, but were antagonized by the senate, and the senate won, the only change made in the entire schedule being one slight reduction.

The silk schedule was reconstructed with a view of imposing specific rather than ad valorem duties, with the result that the average duty will be somewhat higher under the new law than under the present statute.

Oil cloths and linoleum are heavily cut, but otherwise the changes in the flax, hemp and jute provision were not material. A slightly increased duty is provided for hemp, both crude and baled, and also on certain high-grade laces. On linen yarns and matings there is a reduction.

Sugar and tobacco duties remain substantially as they are under the Dingley law. The free importation of considerable quantities of both of these articles from the Philippine islands is permitted, and a material change was made in the internal revenue law by an amendment taking the tax off the sale of tobacco in the hand.

There is a uniform increase on spirits, wines and liquors of 15 per cent.

Raise Rate on Hops.

In the agricultural schedule hops are increased from 12 to 16 cents a pound and there is also an increase on lemons, figs, almonds and pine apples.

The publishers win their fight for lower wood pulp and print paper, the rate on the ordinary newspaper print paper being fixed at \$3.75 per ton instead of \$6 as under the Dingley law, and on the higher grades of print paper at \$3.75 instead of \$8. Mechanically ground wood pulp is to come in

free of duty instead of paying one-twelfth of a cent a pound as under the Dingley law, but provision is made for a countervailing duty in case it becomes necessary to protect this country against Canada's inhibitions upon the exportation of woods to the United States.

Hides of cattle come in free and there is a corresponding reduction on leather and leather goods. The free hide provision is based on the condition that on and after October 1, 1909, sole leather from the hides that are to be admitted free will pay a duty of five per cent.; grain, buff and split leather 7½ per cent.; boots and shoes, the upper leather of which is made from such hides, 10 per cent., and harness and saddlery, 20 per cent. This schedule of rates will result in a reduction of 15 per cent. on boots and shoes, 20 per cent. on harness and saddlery, 15 per cent. on sole leather and 12½ per cent. on leather for uppers, if made of the hides that are put on the free list by the provision.

Bituminous coal is reduced from 67 cents per ton to 45 cents, and there is also a reduction on gunpowder, matches and cartridges. Agricultural implements go off from 20 per cent. ad valorem to 15 per cent. and the older works of art are placed upon the free list. Petroleum, which received much attention in both houses, slips through without any duty, countervailing or otherwise, and most of its products come in under the same terms.

Increases in the chemical schedules are as follows:

Liquid anhydrous ammonia, from 25 per cent. ad valorem to five cents per pound.

Manufactures of collodion, increased five per cent.

Coca leaves increased five cents per pound.

Fancy soaps increased from 15 cents per pound to 50 per centum ad valorem.

The list of decreases in this schedule was much longer, the principal items being as follows:

Boric acid from five to two cents per pound.

Chromic acid and lactic acid from three to two cents per pound.

Salicylic acid from ten to seven cents per pound.

Tannic acid, or tannin, from 50 to 35 cents per pound.

Sulphate of ammonia from three-tenths cent per pound to free list.

Borax from five to two cents per pound.

Borate of lime and other borate material from four to two cents per pound.

Chloroform from 20 to 10 cents per pound.

Copperas from one-fourth cent to five-tenths hundredths of one cent per pound.

Iodoform from \$1 to 75 cents per pound.

Licorice from 4½ to 2½ cents per pound.

Cottonseed Oil on Free List.

Cottonseed oil and cotton oil from the dutiable to the free list.

Flaxseed, linseed and poppy seed oil from 20 to 15 cents per gallon.

Peppermint oil from 50 to 25 cents per gallon.

Ocher and ochery earths, sienna and sienna earths, and umber and umber earths, if ground in oil or water, from 1½ to one cent per pound.

Varnishes from 35 per cent. to 25 per cent. ad valorem.

Methylated and spirit varnishes from \$1.32 per gallon and 35 per cent. ad valorem to 35 cents per gallon and 35 per cent. ad valorem; white lead, acetate of lead, and a number of other lead products, from one-fourth to one-eighth of a cent a pound.

Bichromate and chromate of potash from three to 2½ cents per pound.

Chlorate of potash from 2½ to two cents per pound.

Crystal carbonate of soda from three-tenths to one-fourth of one cent per pound; chlorate of soda from two to 1½ cents per pound.

Hydrate of, or caustic soda, from three-fourths to one-half of one cent per pound; nitrate of soda from 2½ to two cents per pound.

Sulphate of soda, or salt cake, or miter cake, from \$1.25 to \$1 per ton.

Strychnia, or strychnine, from 30 to 15 cents per ounce.

Sulphur, refined or sublimated, or flowers of, from \$8 to \$6 per ton.

In earthenware and glassware there is but one increase. This is slight and is made on the smaller sizes of plate glass. The decreases in this schedule include:

Fire brick, glazed, enameled, and so forth, from 45 per cent. to 35 per cent. ad valorem; brick, other than fire brick, if glazed, from 45 per cent. to 35 per cent. ad valorem.

Plaster rock, or gypsum, crude, from 50 to 30 cents per ton; if ground or calcined, from \$2.25 to \$1.25.

Unpolished, cylinder, crown and common window glass, smaller glass and cheaper values, reduced one-eighth of a cent per pound.

Onyx in block, from \$1.50 per cubic foot to 65 cents per cubic foot.

Duty Lowered on Marble.

Marble, sawed or dressed, over two inches in thickness, from \$1.10 to \$1 per cubic foot, with other reductions on the entire marble paragraph and on other stone.

There is a general reduction in mica to 30 per cent. ad valorem. There was before a mixed specific and ad valorem system.

Structural steel, fitted for use, falls in the basket clause at 45 per cent. ad valorem.

There also is an increase on razors, and upon nippers and pliers.

Lithographic plates are increased from 25 to 50 per cent. ad valorem.

Chrome metal, ferro-silicon, tungsten, and other new metals used in the manufacture of steels, are made duti-

able at not more than 15 per cent. ad valorem. Tungsten ore is made dutiable at ten per cent.

The duty on watches was readjusted, remaining at about the same as the Dingley law.

A duty of one cent per pound was put upon the zinc in the ore where it contains more than 20 per cent. of zinc. On zinc with less than 20 per cent. there is a lower rate of duty. Zinc now has a duty of 20 per cent.

There was an added duty of one-half of one cent per pound upon plain bottle caps, and on decorated bottle caps the duty was increased from 45 to 55 per cent.

The reductions in the metal schedule are more numerous and generally more marked than in most of the others. Heading the list is iron ore, which was decreased from 40 to 15 cents per ton. Pig iron, iron kentledge, and Spiegeleisen, were lowered from \$4 to \$2.50 per ton.

Scrap iron and steel from four to one dollar per ton.

Reductions were made on bar iron, round iron, slabs and blooms, structural steel not fabricated, anchors, iron and steel forgings, hoop, band, or scroll iron or steel, steel bands or strips.

Railway Bars and Steel Rails.

The reduction on cotton ties is from five-tenths to three-tenths of one cent per pound, and railway bars and steel rails from seven-tenths of one cent per pound to seven-fortieths. Iron or steel sheets were also reduced, and the duty on charcoal iron is made six dollars a ton, instead of \$12.

Other reductions in the metal schedule affect polished sheets, rolled sheets of iron, steel, copper, or nickel, steel ingots, cogged ingots, blooms and slabs; round iron or steel wire; steel bars or rods, cold rolled, cold drawn, or cold hammered, or polished; anvils, axes; blacksmith's hammers and sledges, track tools, wedges and crowbars; bolts; cast iron pipes; cast hollow ware; chains; lap welded or jointed iron or steel boiler tubes; cut nails and spikes; horse-shoe nails; wire nails; spikes, nuts and washers; cut tacks; steel plates engraved; rivets; cross-cut saws, mill-saws, circular saws, pit and drag saws, steel band saws and all other saws; screws; wheels for railway purposes; aluminum; monazite sand and thorite.

Tin plates reduced from one and one-half to one and two-tenths cents per pound.

Duties on table and carving knives reduced and the minimum limit of the



Nelson W. Aldrich.
Republican Senate Leader.

rates on these knives is made 40 per cent. ad valorem, instead of 45. Material reductions are made in the rates on files and the duty on cash registers, jute manufacturing machinery, typesetting machines, machine tools, printing presses, sewing machines, typewriters, and all steam engines, is reduced to 30 per cent. ad valorem from the existing rate of 45 per cent. Until January 1, 1912, embroidery and certain lacemaking machines, and machines used for the manufacture of linen cloth, and tar and oil spreading machines used in the construction of roads, are to be admitted free.

Lumber Schedule.

In the lumber schedule the only increases were those on shingles from 30 cents to 50 cents per 1,000, and on briar wood and laurel wood for the use of pipe makers from the free list to 15 per cent. ad valorem. The rate on sawed lumber was decreased from \$2 per 1,000 to \$1.25 per 1,000. There was also a diminution on timber from one cent, per cubic foot to one-half cent, and on sawed boards of white wood and kindred woods from \$1 per 1,000 to 50 cents per 1,000. The reduction in the differential rates in favor of dressed lumber averaged about one-third of the Dingley rate. Paying posts, railroad ties and telephone poles are reduced from 20 to 10 per cent. ad valorem; clapboards from \$1.50 per 1,000 to \$1.25; laths from 25 cents to 20 cents per 1,000, while fence posts and kindling wood were taken from the dutiable list and placed on the free list.

The only change in the sugar schedule consisted of a reduction of five-hundredths of a cent in the differential on refined sugar.

In agricultural products broom corn was taken from the free list and made dutiable at three dollars per ton. Hops are increased from 12 to 16 cents per pound. There are also increases on lemons, figs, almonds, pineapples and chichory root. The reductions in the agricultural schedule covered bacon and hams from five to four cents per pound, lard from two to one and one-half cents, fresh meats

from two to one and one-half cents, and starch from one and one-half to one cent per pound. Tallow, wool grease, dextrin, peas, sugar beets, cabbages and salt were also lowered.

The wine and liquor schedule was increased throughout to 15 per cent. over the Dingley rates.

The cotton schedule was reconstructed and readjusted to bring the duties up to those collected during the first four years of the operation of the Dingley law and to the rate then collected under that law. Since that time the rates have been lowered, in some cases from 60 to 6 per cent. by court decisions. These new rates are equivalent to an addition, on the whole, of three per cent. ad valorem increase over that collected under the present law for last year.

Cotton Hosiery.

Cotton hosiery, valued at not more than \$1 per dozen is increased from 50 to 70 cents per dozen pairs; more than \$1 and less than \$1.50 per dozen pairs, from 60 cents to 85 cents per dozen pairs; more than \$1.50 and not more than \$2, from 70 cents to 90 cents per dozen pairs.

The remaining rates on stockings are the same as under the present law.

Hemp is increased from \$20 to \$22.50 per ton and hackle hemp from \$40 to \$45 per ton. The cheaper laces remain as in the present law, but there is an increase from 60 to 70 per cent. on some of the higher priced laces. In this schedule single coarse yarns are reduced from seven cents to six cents per pound and gill nettings from 25 to 20 per cent. ad valorem.

There was a general reduction in carpets and mats.

A reduction from 20 cents to 15 cents is made in hydraulic hose. Oil cloth, including linoleum, was reduced about one-third.

There was practically no change in the wool schedule from the rates of the Dingley law, but there was a readjustment between tops and yarns and a small decrease on cloths with a cotton warp.

Mechanically ground wood pulp was exempted from duty and placed on the free list with a provision for a countervailing duty against Canada. The lower grade of printing paper was reduced from \$6 to \$3.75 per ton and the higher grade from \$8 to \$3.75. There is an increase on surface coated paper and lithographing prints, including postcards and cigar labels.

Common window glass of the lower sizes, in which the imports are heavy, is given a reduction, and where changes were made in the chemical schedule there was a general decrease, except upon such articles as fancy soaps and perfumes, which were increased.

Other Reductions.

Bituminous coal goes down from 67 cents to 45 cents per ton, and there are reductions on gunpowder, matches and cartridges. Agricultural implements are cut from 20 to 15 per cent. ad valorem.

Hides were placed on the free list, while the rate on band and sole leather is reduced from 20 per cent. to five per cent. ad valorem, on dressed leather from 20 per cent. to 10 per cent.; boots and shoes from 25 per cent. to 10 per cent.

Fireworks are increased from 20 per cent. ad valorem to 12 cents per pound; wearing apparel made of fur from 35 to 50 per cent, and the higher class jewelry from 60 per cent. to 85 per cent. ad valorem; pencil lead is given specific rates instead of ad valorem rates with a slight increase. For the first time moving picture films are named specifically in a tariff law. The bill gives them a positive rate of 1½ cents per foot.

Petroleum, crude and refined, including kerosene, gasoline, naphtha, benzine and similar petroleum products are made free of duty and are left even without a countervailing duty.

The Dingley rates on women's and children's gloves are allowed to stand. The only change is a reduction on "schmashes" gloves not over 14 inches in length on which the rate is made \$1.25 a dozen pairs instead of \$1.75.

Miscellaneous Provisions.

A provision is included in the bill which levies on all articles upon which any foreign country pays a bounty or grant upon its exportation, an additional duty equal to the amount of such bounty.

It is required that all imported articles capable of being marked without impairment of their value shall be stamped with the name of the manufacturer and the country of origin.

A very elaborate provision for the administration of the customs laws was adopted by the conferees. It is practically the same as that adopted by the senate. It is intended to prevent undervaluation of articles on which there is no foreign market by which true values may be ascertained.

Provision is made for the establishment of a customs court of appeals, with headquarters in Washington. It will comprise a presiding judge and four associate judges, at salaries of \$10,000 a year. There are to be appointed to conduct government cases before this court a special assistant attorney general at \$10,000, a deputy assistant attorney general at \$7,500, and four attorneys at \$5,000 each.

The internal revenue tax on tobacco is amended, making the rates on chewing and smoking tobacco eight cents a pound. No change was made in the tax on cigars, except those weighing under three pounds per 1,000, which were increased from 54 to 75 cents per 1,000. The rates on cigarettes were increased to \$1.25 per 1,000. A prohibition against the use of coupons or special gift pledges is incorporated in the new law.

The provision granting farmers the free sale of leaf tobacco places a restriction on the retail dealer which requires him to record every sale amounting to two pounds or more to one person in one day. A number of other ironclad requirements are included in the redraft of this section adopted by the conference committee, by which it was intended to prevent any frauds upon the internal revenues, and at the same time give as much of a local market as possible to the tobacco grower. The grower had contended for unrestricted sale of amounts up to ten pounds.

Foreign-built yachts are subject to an excise tax of seven dollars per gross ton, which is to be collected annually on the first day of September. In lieu of the excise tax the owner of a foreign built yacht or pleasure boat may pay a duty of 35 per cent. ad valorem on his yacht. This will entitle him to American registry. The excise tax provision was adopted because of the fact that some question has been raised about the ability of the government to enforce collection of import duties.

Corporation Tax.

Every corporation, joint stock company or association organized for profit, and every insurance company is required to pay annually an excise tax of one per cent. upon its entire net income over and above \$5,000. This feature was put into the bill to raise additional revenues to apply on the treasury deficit. The section was prepared by Attorney General Wickensham, assisted by other able lawyers in the administrative circle, and great care was taken to guard against double taxation. It provides a form of publicity which will enable the government to exercise supervision over corporations. The form of returns which must be made by corporations, and other features of the corporation tax law were made public in detail during its consideration in the senate. It is estimated that from \$200,000,000 to \$300,000,000 a year will be collected under this form of federal taxation.

The secretary of the treasury is authorized to issue Panama canal bonds to the amount of \$290,569,000, which sum, together with that already expended, equals the estimated cost of the Panama canal. It is not intended that the bonds shall be issued except as needed to provide money to carry on the work of canal construction. The bonds are to be payable 50 years from the date of issue, and will bear interest at a rate not exceeding three per cent. When the bonds are sold the secretary of the treasury will restore to the working balance the \$50,000,000 paid originally for the canal property and the canal zone.

The re-enactment of the provision authorizing the issuance of treasury certificates for money borrowed to meet public expenditures, increases the amount of the authorization from \$100,000,000 to \$200,000,000. A large number of other provisions that are in force under the existing tariff law are included in the conference bill, with a few changes in phraseology in several cases.

The drawback provision of the Dingley law is incorporated in the conference bill in lieu of the drawback of the house bill which intended to permit the substitution of domestic material in the manufactured article for export to the same quantity that the imported material, upon which a drawback was obtainable, was used in the manufacture of similar articles for domestic consumption. An additional provision was adopted entitling users of domestic alcohol in the manufacture of perfumery and cosmetics to secure a drawback of internal revenue tax to the amount of alcohol used in an exported article.

Senate Ideas Accepted.

Practically all the administrative features of the bill which were adopted in the senate were accepted by the conferees. They include a new maximum and minimum feature, a corporation tax law instead of the inheritance tax adopted by the house, authorization for a bond issue to raise money to build the Panama canal, as well as numerous other features.

The maximum and minimum provision prescribes duties in accordance with the rates named in the dutiable list until March 31, 1910, when 25 per cent. ad valorem is to be added automatically as the maximum duty. The president is authorized to apply the minimum rates, however, to imports from a country which gives its best rates to the products of the United States and is made the judge as to whether a foreign country accords to the United States treatment which is reciprocal and equivalent. When he finds that this condition exists he is to issue a proclamation putting in effect the minimum rates and until the time of the proclamation the maximum rates will apply.

The president is empowered to employ such persons as may be required to secure information to assist the president in the discharge of the duties imposed upon him and information which will be useful to the officers of the government in the administration of the customs laws. The reciprocity treaty with Cuba is not affected by the maximum and minimum provision.

The president is empowered also to abrogate those reciprocity treaties which can be terminated by diplomatic action. It is made his duty to give 10 days' notice after the bill becomes a law of his intention to bring those treaties to an end. All other treaties which contain no stipulation in regard to their termination by diplomatic action shall be abrogated by a notice of six months from the president to those countries, the notice dating from April 30, 1909, on which date Secretary Knox notified foreign governments that the United States would soon ask them to enter into new tariff relations.

IMPORTANT NEWS NOTES OF A WEEK

LATEST HAPPENINGS THE WORLD
OVER TOLD IN ITEMIZED
FORM.

EVENTS HERE AND THERE

Condensed Into a Few Lines for the
Perusal of the Busy Man—
Latest Personal Informa-
tion.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

The tariff conferees signed the Al-
drich-Payne bill and reported it to the
house after President Taft had
whipped several of the insurgents into
line for downward revision.

The senate has granted the house
demand for an increased duty on
stockings and gloves, free hides and
free oil and in turn gets its own way
on lumber, coal, iron ore and print
paper.

A report from Washington says
James Wilson of Iowa, secretary of
agriculture, who has been a cabinet
officer longer than any other man,
will resign in January and probably
will be succeeded by Representative
Scott of Kansas.

President Taft was among those
who witnessed a trial flight by Orville
Wright in his aeroplane at Fort Myer.

Senator Aldrich offered to put hides
on the free list if the house would
agree to reduce its rates on boots,
shoes and other leather manufactures.

PERSONAL.

Gov. John A. Johnson of Minnesota
was the orator and central figure of
"Swedish day" at the Alaska-Yukon-
Pacific exposition at Seattle. Thou-
sands of Swedes from all parts of the
country took part in the festivities.

John Galvin, vice-mayor of Cincin-
nati, took the oath as mayor, suc-
ceeding the late Col. Leopold Markbreit.

William J. Bryan, in an interview
at Bellefontaine, O., said he intends
to move to Texas and will not be a
candidate for senator from Nebraska.
He didn't say he would not run for
president again.

President Reyes of Colombia re-
signed and his successor will be elect-
ed August 3.

Prof. Charles Zubelin, sociologist of
Boston, in an address at Cahutagua,
N. Y., called E. H. Harriman a finan-
cial pest.

Representative Tawney of Minne-
sota, replying to a magazine article, as-
sailed Dr. Charles Richard Van Hise,
president of Wisconsin university.

A report was received in New York
that Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, the
suffragist terror of England, is com-
ing to this country to stir up the
women.

GENERAL NEWS.

Reports from Spain said 3,000 sol-
diers of the king's army had been
killed or wounded in battle with the
Moors. The rioters in Barcelona sur-
rendered after hundreds had been
shot down in the streets like sheep.

Eleven persons died in Chicago
from heat and injuries sustained in an
electrical storm.

District Attorney Jerome, after two
days of grueling examination of Harry
Thaw, failed to make the slayer of
Stanford White show any signs of in-
sanity.

Harry C. Pulliam, president of the
National League of Professional Base-
ball Clubs, died in New York from the
wound he inflicted when he shot him-
self in the head.

A barber at Winthrop Harbor de-
clares he shaved off the beard of a
man answering the description of
Judge Clarkson, who disappeared from
Kenosha, Wis.

The Alaska-Yukon-Pacific Exposition
company at Seattle has offered \$25,000
for a race between either of the
Wright brothers and Louis Bleriot, the
French aviator who made the suc-
cessful aeroplane flight across the
English channel.

Harrison S. Green, a prominent Mil-
waukee lawyer, and five other passen-
gers were hurt when a Chicago, Mil-
waukee & St. Paul train was wrecked
at Duplainville, Wis.

The Chicago grand jury, which has
already indicted a police inspector, a
detective and others, returned indict-
ments against 20 keepers of illegal
establishments.

Fire caused a loss of \$10,000 to
buildings in Philo, Ill.

Arthur Eulan, John Ament and
Henry Zebotski, while raising sunken
logs from the Wisconsin river, about
two miles south of Merrill, Wis., were
drowned.

Bitterness between factions re-
sulted in a riot when the Brothers of
Friendship, a colored organization, at-
tempted to begin its annual convention
at St. Paul. Walter M. Farmer of Illi-
nois, claimant to the title of grand
master of the organization, was
ejected.

A joint convention of the retail
jewelers and opticians of North Da-
kota was held at Grand Forks, N. D.
Louis Bleriot, a French aviator,
succeeded in crossing the English
channel from Calais, France, to Dover,
England, in his monoplane, winning
fame and \$5,000 by the feat.

Inspector Edward McCann of the
Chicago police department was in-
dicted for bribery and malfeasance in
office in connection with the investi-
gation of the city's vice.

Forty-two passengers were injured
in a wreck on the Big Four railroad
at Zionsville, Ind.

William H. Marker, cashier of the
First National bank, Tipton, Ind.,
whose brother fled after stealing more
than \$100,000, resigned.

Mrs. John Mullarkey shot and killed
Edward Axline and then committed
suicide at Bellevue, Ky.

Six hundred miners of District No.
11 in Indiana have been ordered to
return to work pending a review of
their strike difficulty by T. I. Lewis,
the national president.

W. P. Kreiss, a union pressman, was
shot and seriously wounded at At-
lanta, Ga., by G. W. Stovall, a non-
union pressman, who was attacked
by union sympathizers aroused by a
strike.

Albert Reece, 78 years old, of Dan-
vers, Ill., was sentenced to one year
in the federal prison at Leavenworth,
Kan., for illegally drawing a war pen-
sion for 18 years. He drew a total of
\$2,000.

Harry Thaw showed no signs of in-
sanity in his first day on the witness
stand and more than held his own
in a battle of wits with District At-
torney Jerome.

With his kingdom facing civil war,
King Alfonso declared martial law
throughout his domain in an effort to
check the riots which have already
cost several hundreds of lives.

A dog is held prisoner in a Georgia
jail and will be used as a witness
against a negro who is charged with
assaulting a woman. His mute testi-
mony is expected to free the prisoner
or send him to the gallows.

County officials at Peoria, Ill., de-
cided to ask the next state legislature
to pass a law providing whipping
posts for men who abandon and beat
their wives.

Roy Blake, a traveling photographer,
arrested in Denver, Col., at the re-
quest of a former Belleville, Ill., wom-
an who says he killed Peter Waltz, a
Belleville photographer.

Police Magistrate Grannan of Bal-
timore acquitted Senator Stone of Mis-
souri and said the senator was just-
ified in slapping a negro waiter on a
Pennsylvania train, when the black
was impudent to him.

William McCracken of Osage coun-
ty, Okla., is under arrest in London,
Ky., charged with feigning death to
swindle an insurance company out of
\$5,000.

Jack Johnson, heavyweight pugilist
said he would cover the \$5,000 fore-
feited posted by James J. Jeffries for a
championship battle.

The suicide of Rebecca Bonshenk re-
vealed a suicide club composed of fac-
tory girls in Cleveland, O.

Representative C. Bascom Sloop
was nominated by the Republicans of
Virginia as their candidate for gov-
ernor.

The American barkentine J. M. Grif-
fith, under command of Capt. F. T.
Sanders and carrying a crew of ten
men, probably has been lost at sea.
The barkentine put out from Carmen
island, Mexico, for Puget Sound, and
is more than a month overdue.

Application has been made to the
New York state insurance board by
the Metropolitan Life Insurance Com-
pany to establish a \$100,000 sanita-
rium for the treatment of consump-
tion.

Seven members of the crew of the
barkentine Orleans, Capt. Lindstol,
were lost in a hurricane off the coast
of Tasmania. The survivors escaped
in open boats to the mainland.

Henry Jordan, Sandusky, O., was
killed and several others wounded
when a fireworks mortar exploded at
Cedar Point, O.

The Western Federation of Miners
contributed \$5,000 to the treasury of
the United Hatters of North America,
now on strike.

Ten persons were killed and 1,000
rioters imprisoned when troops broke
up a political riot at Guadalajara,
Mexico.

Two hundred girls in a New York
shirt-waist factory struck when the
management issued an order prohib-
iting them from talking during the
luncheon hour.

Orville Wright, in remaining in the
air one hour, 12 minutes and 40 se-
conds, set a new endurance mark for
airships carrying a passenger.

Hubert Latham failed in his second
attempt to fly across the English
channel in his monoplane, falling into
the water.

Mrs. Susan Merrill testified that
Harry Thaw had taken 200 girls to
her house and lashed their bare flesh
with a dog whip.

Nathaniel Parker Willis, a wealthy
citizen of Indianapolis, Ind., was shot
and killed by his divorced wife's sec-
ond husband, W. V. Ellis, in a court-
room in Little Rock, Ark.

Republicans of Nebraska, in con-
vention, endorsed President Taft's tar-
iff policies and declared they would
approve his action if he sees fit to
veto the bill.

Emperor William has received an
invitation engraved on a gold plate to
attend the fiftieth anniversary of the
German Marksmen's association in
San Francisco.

Shrewd American almond importers
have placed speculative Spanish deal-
ers in an uncomfortable position by
heavy purchases before the shortage
in Italy was realized.

Balloons of St. Louis struck a mid-
summer snow storm two miles above
Savanna, Ill., and were forced to land.

The American Tin and Sheet Com-
pany, Pittsburg, Pa., announces that
51 per cent. of the entire mill capacity
is in operation in the tinplate depart-
ment and 76 per cent. in the sheet de-
partment since the strike was de-
clared July 1.

Two Americans were among those
hurt in a riot at Guadalajara, Mexico,
when a mob broke up a meeting held
in the interests of the re-election of
President Diaz.

Politics is blamed for the strike of
275 foundry men in the plant of the
Simmons Manufacturing Company at
Kenosha, Wis.

EARTH SHOCKS IN CENTRAL MEXICO

ONE CITY DESTROYED AND THE
PEOPLE ARE LIVING IN
THE OPEN.

HOMES AND HOTELS WRECKED

Fourteen People Killed and More
Than a Score Mortally Injured
—Indians Wail and Pray
in Public Squares.

Mexico City, Mexico.—With Chil-
pancingo destroyed and Acapulco
partly razed and the loss of life prob-
lematical, central Mexico from the At-
lantic to the Pacific and from Queraro
on the north to Oaxaca on the south,
an area of more than 1,000 square
miles, was shaken by a series of the
most severe earth shocks felt in the
region for the last quarter of a cen-
tury. The quake was severe in Mex-
ico City, but not prolific in destruc-
tion. Reports telling of the loss of
life are meager, but the official fig-
ures thus far given show 14 killed
and more than a score mortally injured.

While word comes from G. Poyros,
an American commercial traveler at
Chilpancingo, Guerrero, that that city
was destroyed and the inhabitants are
living in the open, suffering from the
elements. The loss of life is not defi-
nitely known. The shocks continue
at Chilpancingo with subterranean
rumblings and flashes of lightning,
rain and hail. Acapulco, Guerrero,
was partly razed, but the extent of the
damage is not definitely known, as
communication with that part of the
republic is not well established.

According to the observatory rec-
ords the first shock of the series was
felt at 4:15 in the morning, the rock-
ing oscillation being from the east to
the southwest. It was severe caus-
ing the bells of the many cathedrals
of Mexico City to toll, breaking crock-
ery and in some instances leveling
walls. The inhabitants of the capital
had hardly recovered from the fright
occasioned by the quake when a sec-
ond and more severe shock caused an
outpouring of nearly all of the resi-
dents to the streets and open plazas.
This movement was of a twisting
character and lasted with marked se-
verity for 90 seconds. The tall build-
ings of the capital swayed and in
some instances cracked, the pavement
opened in places and in the poorer
quarters a number of houses collapsed.

A message from Pueblo, the
third Mexican City in size, reports
severe damage to several dwelling
houses and one death as a result of
the shocks. Reports from Vera Cruz,
Tlaxcala, Silicayoapam, Dunham,
Meroteon and Pachucha indicate
property damage but no loss of life.

ALL SPEED RECORDS BROKEN

Orville Wright Makes a Ten-Mile
Cross-Country Flight at More
Than 42 Miles an Hour.

Washington, D. C.—Orville Wright
has at last attained the zenith of
hard-earned success. In a ten-mile
cross-country flight in the famous
aeroplane built by himself and his
elder brother Wilbur, and accompanied
by Lieut. Benjamin D. Foulers, an in-
trepid officer of the army signal corps,
he not only surpassed the speed re-
quirements of his contract with the
United States government, but accom-
plished the most difficult and daring
flight ever planned for a heavier-than-
air flying machine. Incidentally, he
broke all speed records over a meas-
ured course.

Wright's speed was more than 42
miles an hour. He made the ten-mile
flight in 14 minutes and 42 seconds,
including the more than 20 seconds
required for the turn beyond the line
at Shuter hill, the southern end of the
course. He attained a height in cross-
ing the valley of Four-Mile Run of
nearly 500 feet and the average alti-
tude of his practically level course
was about 200 feet.

DECREASE IN JULY FAILURES

Crop Reports Favorable Especially for
Corn and Spring Wheat—Winter
Wheat Nearly Harvested.

New York City.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s
Weekly Review of Trade says:

Crop reports are favorable, especial-
ly for corn and spring wheat, with
winter wheat nearly harvested. The
excellent conditions in the iron and
steel trade, emphasized this week by
the report of the principal producer
and an increase in its rate of division
are maintained.

July failures have made the smallest
month's total of liabilities since early
in 1907. Nearly every development is,
therefore, that of improvement. This
varies in degree, being at some points
rapid and at others slow, but, never-
theless the tendency is persistently
away from the past depression.

Bank Cashier Surrenders.

Tipton, Ind.—Charged with the
embezzlement of \$50,000 of the
funds of the First National bank
of Tipton, Noah B. Marker, formerly
assistant cashier of the bank, was
taken before United States Commis-
sioner Ellis at Muncie and waived ex-
amination. He was bound in the sum
of \$10,000 to appear before the fed-
eral grand jury at Indianapolis next
November. Marker then was brought
back to Tipton, where a throng of
friends awaited him. Business men
signed his bond and he was released.

Keystone State Jots

Saltsburg.—Reports from various
mining fields show that the output is
gradually approaching that of two
years ago.

Philadelphia.—Rodman Wanamak-
er, son of John Wanamaker, and Vi-
olet, daughter of the late Eugene
Guide Cruger of New York, were mar-
ried recently at St. Margaret's church,
Westminster, by special license. Ex-
traordinary efforts were made to keep
the affair secret.

Rochester.—The local glass plant
formerly owned by the National Glass
Co., all of whose holdings at Roches-
ter were bought by the Ellwood City
Glass Co. about two months ago for
\$200,000, was put in operation after
being shut down for nearly two years.
The Ellwood City Glass Co., after pur-
chasing the Rochester plant, dismant-
led its plant at Ellwood City and
moved its equipment and stock to
Rochester. The plant employs about
400 men.

Harrisburg.—The water commis-
sion received a protest from some of
the industrial establishments of Bea-
ver county against the draining of the
Pymatuning swamp. The commis-
sion has contemplated making cer-
tain changes in the swamp district
that would drain off the worst of the
stagnant water, and the industries as-
sert that this would interfere with the
dry weather flow of the small creeks
that radiate from the swamp and
also affect the condition of these
streams in flood times. The commis-
sion has taken the matter under ad-
visement.

Harrisburg.—Deputy Secretary A.
D. Martin of the department of agri-
culture has received from L. W.
Lighty, one of the department's
farmers' institute instructors, a pic-
ture of what is perhaps the most
remarkable swarm of bees ever hived
in Pennsylvania. The bees swarmed
from the lower limbs of a fruit tree
in East Berlin, Adams county. They
suspended themselves from small
twigs and the swarm extended to the
ground, a distance of over five feet.
The bees hung from the twigs in two
swarms, but these swarms met in one
mass that was nearly as thick as a
man's body. The bees were success-
fully hived by Mr. Lighty and within
three days they had collected 28
pounds of honey.

Clearfield.—H. W. Woodward, spe-
cial attorney for the state grange, has
definitely agreed to take up the work
of prosecuting the dealers in oleomar-
gerine, and he has announced his in-
tention of making a special plea in
each case to the courts, asking that
each defendant be sentenced to jail.
At the present time while some of
the oleo dealers are in court being
fined their clerks are at their stores
selling more oleo, and it is claimed
that the only way to break up the
practice is to send the violators of
the law to jail. Fifteen arrests have
been made in Pittsburg among the
oleo sellers and it is probable that
Mr. Woodward will begin with these
cases, in asking for jail sentences.

Harrisburg.—Reports from all parts
of the state received by the game
commission indicate that the unna-
turalized foreigners of Pennsylvania
are willing and even anxious to obey
the new law which prohibits them
owning firearms that can be used for
hunting purposes. The foreigners
have already in many instances sold
or otherwise disposed of their fire-
arms. Letters received from super-
intendents of big manufacturing es-
tablishments that employ much fore-
ign labor report that many of their
foreigners, after reading the notices
that have been posted, have volun-
tarily gone to them and given up their
guns so that there would be no possi-
bility of their being fined if the weap-
ons were found in their possession.

Harrisburg.—State Zoologist Sur-
face has received numerous communi-
cations regarding insects that are at-
tacking the maple trees of the state.
These insects bore holes in the larger
limbs of the trees and in the trunks.
These insects are bark borers or en-
gravers and when a tree is attacked
by them it indicates that the tree is
declining. The best way to preserve
the trees attacked is by digging about
the trees, mulching them, pruning off
dead and dying branches and water-
ing well with water containing a tea-
spoonful of nitrate of soda to each gal-
lon of water. If the borers be large
enough that their boring can be found
the tip of a small machine oil can
may be inserted into them and the
pests may easily be killed by inject-
ing a little carbon bisulphide into
each hole and then stopping this with
clay or mud.

Uniontown.—Justice of the Peace
J. P. Donaldson, held in jail here for
a number of weeks on several charges
of extortion, was released by Judge
Van Swearingen, with the under-
standing that he is to leave the state,
never to return.

Dauphin.—The department of fish-
eries caused the arrest of a man who
maintained a fish basket in Clark's
creek contrary to the provisions of
the new fish laws. The new law pro-
vides that the basket must be taken
away ten days after the season closes.

The Place to Buy Cheap
—AT—
J. F. PARSONS'



"CURES"
RHEUMATISM
LUMBAGO, SCIATICA
NEURALGIA and
KIDNEY TROUBLE

"I-DROPS" taken internally, rid the blood
of the poisonous matter and acids which
are the direct causes of these diseases.
Applied externally it affords almost in-
stant relief from pain, while a permanent
cure is being effected by purifying the
blood, dissolving the poisonous sub-
stances and removing it from the system.

DR. S. D. BLAND
Of New York, N. Y., writes:
"I had been a sufferer for a number of years
with Lumbago and Rheumatism in my arms
and legs, and tried all the remedies that I could
gather from medical works, and also consulted
with a number of the best physicians, but found
nothing that gave the relief obtained from
"I-DROPS." I shall prescribe it in my practice
for rheumatism and kindred diseases."

FREE

If you are suffering with Rheumatism,
Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble or any kind-
red disease, write to us for a trial bottle
of "I-DROPS," and test it yourself.
"I-DROPS" can be used any length of
time without acquiring a "drug habit,"
as it is entirely free of opium, cocaine,
alcohol, laudanum, and other similar
ingredients.
Large Size Bottle, "I-DROPS" (500 Doses)
\$1.00. For Sale by Druggists.
SWANSON RHEUMATISM CURE COMPANY,
Dept. 80, 100 Lake Street, Chicago.



If you are a business man,
did you ever think of the field
of opportunity that advertis-
ing opens to you? There is
almost no limit to the possi-
bilities of your business if you
study how to turn trade into
your store. If you are not get-
ting your share of the business
of your community there's a
reason. People go where they
are attracted—where they
know what they can get and
how much it is sold for. If
you make direct statements in
your advertising see to it that
you are able to fulfill every
promise you make. You will
add to your business reputa-
tion and hold your customers.
It will not cost as much to run
your ad in this paper as you
think. It is the persistent ad-
vertiser who gets there. Have
something in the paper every
issue, no matter how small.
We will be pleased to quote
you our advertising rates, par-
ticularly on the year's busi-
ness.

MAKE YOUR APPEAL

to the public through the
columns of this paper.
With every issue it carries
its message into the homes
and lives of the people.
Your competitor has his
store news in this issue. Why don't
you have yours? Don't blame the
people for flocking to his store.
They know what he has.

The Home Paper

Gives you the reading matter in
which you have the greatest in-
terest—the home news. Its every
issue will prove a welcome visitor to every member of the family. It
should head your list of newspaper and periodical subscriptions.

C. G. SCHMIDT'S
HEADQUARTERS FOR
Popular Bakery,
FRESH BREAD,
PIES,
FANCY CAKES,
ICE CREAM,
MUT
CONFECTIONERY
Daily Delivery. All orders given prompt and skillful attention.

Enlarging Your Business

If you are in business and you want to make more money you will read every word we have to say. Are you spending your money for advertising in hap-
hazard fashion as if intended for charity, or do you advertise for direct results?

Did you ever stop to think how your advertising can be made a source of profit to you, and how its value can be measured in dollars and cents. If you have not, you are throwing money away.

Advertising is a modern business necessity, but must be conducted on business principles. If you are not satisfied with your advertising you should set aside a certain amount of money to be spent annually, and then carefully note the effect it has in increasing your volume of business; whether a 10, 20 or 30 per cent increase. If you watch this gain from year to year you will become intensely interested in your advertising, and how you can make it en-
large your business.

If you try this method we believe you will not want to let a single issue of this paper go to press without something from your store.

We will be pleased to have you call on us, and we will take pleasure in explaining our annual contract for so many inches, and how it can be used in whatever amount that seems necessary to you.

If you can sell goods over the counter we can also show you why this paper will best serve your interests when you want to reach the people of this community.

JOB PRINTING

We can do the finest class of printing, and we can do that class just a little cheaper than the other fellow. Wedding invitations, letter heads, bill heads, sale bills, statements, dodgers, cards, etc., all receive the same careful treatment—just a little better than seems necessary. Prompt delivery always.

EMPORIUM
MILLING COMPANY.

PRICE LIST.

Emporium, Pa., July 9, 1909.

NEMOPHILA, per sack.....	1 85
Felt's Fancy.....	1 90
Patent Meal.....	1 95
Buckwheat Flour, 100 sack.....	1 85
Coarse Meal per 100.....	1 65
Chop Feed.....	1 65
Matchless Egg Maker, per 100.....	2 10
Sylva Chick Feed, per 100.....	2 10
Cracked Corn per 100.....	1 65
Screening.....	1 65
Chicken Wheat.....	2 15
Oil Meal.....	1 90
Middlings.....	1 05
White Middlings.....	1 70
Brans.....	1 60
Corn per bushel.....	92
Oyst r Shells, per 100.....	75
White Oats, per bushel.....	65
Seed Oats per bushel.....	65
Buckwheat.....	1 85
Choice Clover Seed.....	1 85
Choice Timothy Seed.....	1 85
Choice Millet Seed.....	1 85

At Market Prices

Disinfect



Some disinfectants and germicides might be classed as drugs but, you do not want to be drugged just now with a bug killer. However, now is the time to think of getting after the rose bugs and currant worms.

We have a full line of the "remedies" for that class of pests. Also a non-poisonous bed bug exterminator in small cans.

R. C. Dodson

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

PERSONAL GOSSIP.

Contributions invited. That which you would like to see in this department, let us know by postal card, letter or personally.

Frank J. Kelley of Austin, visited in town the last of the week.

Miss Nellie Thomas is visiting at Warren and vicinity a few days.

Miss Katie Kraft, of this place, is the guest of relatives in St. Marys for a short time.

F. J. Kime, Jr., manager of the Emporium Drug Co., made a business trip to St. Marys Saturday.

Mrs. Asa Murry and children returned home Saturday after spending a few days with relatives at Sterling Run.

Messrs. H. M. Olmsted and J. Raymond Cook, of Ridgway, spent Sunday at their homes at this place.

E. T. Wells, one of the efficient operators at Emporium Junction, attended the funeral of a friend at Ridgway last Monday.

Mrs. Geo. P. Jones and children, who have been visiting G. S. Wiley and family at Austin, returned home on Monday.

Hon. B. W. Green and wife returned home last Saturday, after spending a few days at the "old home farm" in Tioga county.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Beaver and daughter, Miss Fannie, of Williamsport, are guests at the home of John Welsh and family.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Merry and son, Master Albert William, were guests of Mrs. Mary's brother, G. W. Sterner and family at Austin last week.

C. C. Pearl left yesterday for Fort Wayne, Ind., where his daughter, Miss Cleone Pearl-Fell, is engaged at Robinson Park during this week.

Wm. R. Sizer of Sizerville, came down on Monday to transact legal business as Justice of the Peace, owing to the illness of Esquire Larrabee.

Miss Sadie Lynch and Margaret Ryan, of Williamsport and Thomas Ryan of New Orleans, La., were guests at the home of Hon. F. X. Blumle and family, and Miss Mary Ryan, Sunday.

Chas. E. Crandell, teller at First National Bank, was called to Williamsport last Saturday, on account of the serious illness of his father who does not improve at this writing (Wednesday).

Edward C. Seger, son of Mr. and Mrs. R. Seger, returned to New York last Monday, after spending a few days in Emporium. The Seger boys are prospering in the music business. Of course they read the PRESS.

Mrs. Bothilda Ahlberg, who has made her home with her daughter, Mrs. Alfred Nelson, Plank Road Hollow, left yesterday for New York, where she will take the steamer for Sweden, her former home. She may remain in Sweden, but possibly after transacting some business there will return to the "land of the free and the home of the brave."

Mr. C. H. Felt has joined his wife at Chautauqua Lake.

Warde Lewis of West Ward, is down with typhoid fever.

Miss Lena Evans was a business caller to Olean yesterday.

Frank Murry and party of St. Marys, autored to Emporium last Sunday.

Geo. Young of Coudersport, made a business trip to Emporium last Saturday.

Farmer W. E. Devling of Sterling Run, transacted business in town on Tuesday.

The Moores continue to make trouble for Spain, 12,000 Moore—being on the rampage.

A fire alarm last evening was the means of turning out a big crowd. Only a rubbish fire.

Michael Murphy came over from Bolivar, N. Y., yesterday and transacted business in town.

Miss Emily Bennet of Ridgway, is guest at the home of Edward Zwald and wife on Fifth street.

Miss Mable Lux, daughter of Rev. Lux, is guest of Miss Jettie Wiley, at Maple Shade, this week.

W. G. Gilbert is spending some time in Canada silver field with Jos. L. Wheeler and other silver kings.

Misses Kate Metzger and Gladys Lloyd, were business callers at the Press office last Saturday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Woolley, of this place, are spending a few weeks with relatives at various places in New Jersey.

E. B. Saunders of Buffalo, made his usual business trip to Emporium the last of the week and spent Sunday with friends at Driftwood.

Rev. J. M. Robertson's family returned on Tuesday from Monticello, N. Y., where they have been visiting for three months.

C. R. Bowman of Harrisburg, Pa., salesman for a wholesale manufacturer of petticoats, transacted business at the Press office yesterday.

Rev. Paul J. Lux, pastor of the Presbyterian Church, assisted in the services at the Presbyterian Church at St. Marys last Friday evening.

Neil Coppersmith returned home on Wednesday, after spending two weeks visiting relatives at Shinglehouse, Ceres and Sharon Centre.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Sterner and daughter, Miss Dorothy, of Austin, were guests at the home of Mrs. S. E. Sterner the first of the week.

Margaret Crandell, who has been visiting for two weeks at Port Allegany, guest of Miss Esther Owen, returned home Monday evening.

Miss Jessie Anderson departed for Canandaigua, N. Y., last Monday, where she joins a party of friends from Altoona, who are camping there.

Robert Hoke of Shamokin, has accepted the position as assistant bookkeeper and stenographer in the office of the Sennamahoning Powder Co.

Mrs. Harry Thomas and Messrs. Fred Catlin and Will Prizer, of Philadelphia, are guests at the home of C. G. Catlin and family on Fifth street.

Miss Margaret Cummings, who is enjoying a short vacation from her duties as nurse, at Philadelphia, is spending the week with relatives at Kane.

Chas. S. Herron, of Philadelphia, is guest of F. J. Kime, manager of Emporium Drug Co. They were college chums and of course enjoy their visit.

Glenn Cool of Knoxville, Pa., has accepted the position as night clerk at the Warner House. Mr. Cool was formerly a clerk at the Sartwell House, Port Allegany.

Misses Flora and Martha Schlecht returned home last Tuesday evening, after spending a delightful vacation with relatives at Pittsburg and various places in West Virginia.

Messrs. W. S. Walker of Austin, and John E. Smith of Sterling Run, were in Emporium yesterday attending to their duties as directors of the First National Bank.

Miss Anna Schweikart has returned home and is again answering hello to telephone calls at the exchange, after spending a few weeks with relatives at Ellington, N. Y.

Mrs. C. E. Henry and child are visiting the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Blanchard, at Driftwood. Mr. Henry will go to Driftwood to spend Sabbath, returning home with his wife on Monday.

Since Fred Dininny inspected the "water tap services" in town there appears to be a greater force. We could stand some more pressure on Sixth street. Come again, Fred.

M. E. Cavanaugh and wife, of Pittsburg, were called here to attend the funeral of Mr. Cavanaugh's brother's child. Mr. C. is one of Pittsburg's most successful contracting painters and decorators. His pleasant wife made many friends here.

Mrs. McElwain and Misses Blanche and May Shank, of Renovo, stopped in Emporium yesterday to visit their brother, Rev. J. W. Shank, pastor of Emporium circuit M. E. charge. They were on their return from Niagara Falls and enjoyed their visit in Emporium.

Dr. W. H. DeLong, who is kept busy looking after his patients, was a welcome Press visitor this morning.

The sick are holding their own. Mrs. T. H. Norris is a little easier, while Mrs. Clark and Esquire Larrabee are improving.

We regret to learn that Dr. Groves, who recently located in Colorado with his wife, nee Golda Lyons, is not so well at this time.

Mrs. E. A. Richards, who has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. S. E. Sterner, for the past four months, returned to her home at Coudersport last Friday.

Lyman Wiley has returned from Mitchell, Ind., and we hope he will stay at home now, having cleaned out all the champion checker players in the State of Indiana, and "by gravity" is ready to meet all comers, and no quarters asked. "Lym" looks well and younger.

Miss Rose Hayes, of Washington, D. C., is guest of her brother, J. B. Hayes, of New Warner, and other relatives and friends in town. Miss Hayes has been employed in the U. S. Department of Agriculture for twelve years. She enjoys our climate and has greatly improved in health. Miss Hayes was a pleasant caller at Press office this morning, accompanied by Miss Ethel Creighton. We found the lady as bright as a dollar, as well as a pleasant lady.

DEATH'S DOINGS.

CAVANAUGH.

Thos J. Cavanaugh and wife, of St. Marys, are sorely afflicted in the death of their only child, MARGARET, aged four months, on Friday, July 30th, 1909, after a constant illness since birth. The remains were brought to Emporium on Sunday, the funeral taking place Sunday afternoon from the residence of Mr. and Mrs. John Treps-wether, West Fourth street, the remains being laid away in Catholic Cemetery. The afflicted parents have the deep sympathy of their many friends.

MUMFORD.

In our last issue we at some length announced the death of this remarkable lady in her 84th year. One of the first ladies we remember as a boy was Mrs. Mumford, who was always active in good deeds. Her funeral took place last Friday afternoon from the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Mary Kline, East Allegany Avenue, who was faithful in her ministrations to her mother to the last, and is now utterly prostrated from the long nursing and care. Rev. J. F. Anderson, her pastor, assisted by Rev. Schriener, conducted the services. The following casket bearers served: R. M. Overhiser, W. D. White, Hon. J. C. Johnson, H. L. Burns, Hon. H. H. Mullin and R. R. McQuay. Interment in Wiley Cemetery.

Eye Specialist.

Prof. W. H. Budine, the well known Eye Specialist, of Binghamton, N. Y., will be at R. H. Hirsch's jewelry store, Emporium, Pa., Aug. 14th. If you can't see well or have headache don't fail to call and see Prof. Budine, as he guarantees to cure all such cases. Lenses ground and fitted in old frames. Eyes tested and examined free. All work guaranteed.

Hustling.

The Emporium Drug Company are hustling to get their new furniture in place and stock displayed for Saturday's opening. Their new furniture is fully equal to city display.

The Library of the Lock Haven Normal School is well selected, accurately catalogued in accordance with the Dewey decimal system, and the books are easily accessible. The Library rooms are said to be handsomer than those of any other school library in the state. The remarkable success of the school's debating team in the Inter-Normal debates is due in a large measure to the Library. Write for the school's handsome catalog.

For indigestion and all stomach trouble take Foley's Orino Laxative as it stimulates the stomach and liver and regulates the bowels and will positively cure habitual constipation. Sold by all druggists.

Fruit season is here, but Granulated Sugar the same, 25 pound sack for \$1.45 at C. B. Howard & Co's.

What is Best for Indigestion?

A. Robinson, of Drumquin, Ontario, has been troubled for years with indigestion, and recommends Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets as "the best medicine I ever used." If troubled with indigestion or constipation give them a trial. They are certain to prove beneficial. They are easy to take and pleasant in effect. Price, 25 cents. Samples free at Taggart's drug store.

Just received a line of Boy's and Men's Shoes at C. B. Howard & Co's.

Caution Notice.

Notice is hereby given to all persons concerned, that my husband, Harvey Kephart, having left my bed and board without just cause or provocation, and caution all persons against harboring or trusting him on my account for I shall not pay any bills of his contracting, now or hereafter.

MRS. EMMA KEPHART.

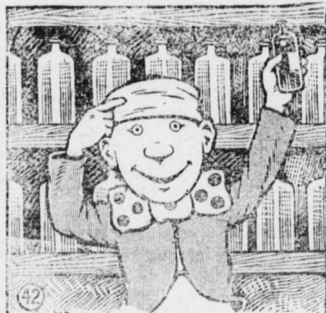
Emporium, Pa., Aug. 2, 1909.—25-3t.

REDUCTION
SALE

\$3.50 Lawn Mowers at \$2.00
Screen Doors (2-6 x 6-6) at 60c
Chicken wire at 1/2c per sq. ft. all widths.
Garden Tools at cost.
Quart Fruit Jars at 60c a doz.
Pint Fruit Jars at 50c a doz.
Guaranteed Scythes at 80c.
A new line of blue and white Enamelware at very low prices.

DININNY, BURNSIDE & Co

Broad St., Emporium, Pa.



"I fear 'Kid' head begins to ache, His own's with triplicate shaly, But our headache cure will quickly take."

HEADACHE

We have all the advertised Effervescents, Powders and Tablets known as headache cures. Our own headache remedy is SAFE and effective. Others may be good: we KNOW ours is. Why not try it?

Old Reliable Drug Store

GEORGE C. TAGGART, Prop.

DR. HUMPHREY'S SPECIFICS.

Directions with each Vial in Five Languages. English, German, Spanish, Portuguese and French

No.	FOR	Price
1.	Fever, Congestions, Inflammations.....	25
2.	Worms, Worm Fever, or Worm Disease.....	25
3.	Colic, Cramping and Wakefulness of Infants.....	25
4.	Diarrhea, of Children and Adults.....	25
5.	Dysentery, Griping, Bilious Colic.....	25
6.	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis.....	25
7.	Whooping Cough, Spasmodic Cough.....	25
8.	Headache, Sick Headache, Vertigo.....	25
9.	Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weak Stomach.....	25
10.	Croup, Hoarse Cough, Laryngitis.....	25
11.	Catarrh, Eruptions, Erysipelas.....	25
12.	Rheumatism, or Rheumatic Pains.....	25
13.	Fever and Ague, Malaria.....	25
14.	Piles, Blind or Bleeding, External, Internal.....	25
15.	Ophthalmia, Weak or Inflamed Eyes.....	25
16.	Interrh, Influenza, Cold in Head.....	25
17.	Whooping Cough, Spasmodic Cough.....	25
18.	Asthma, Oppressed, Difficult Breathing.....	25
19.	Kidney Disease, Gravel, Calculi.....	25
20.	Nervous Debility, Vital Weakness.....	1.00
21.	Sore Mouth, Fever Sore or Canker.....	25
22.	Urinary Incontinence, Wetting Bed.....	25
23.	Sore Throat, Quinsy and Diphtheria.....	25
24.	Chronic Congestions, Headaches.....	25
25.	Grippe, Hay Fever and Summer Colds.....	25

A small bottle of Pleasant Pellets, fits the vest pocket. Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of price. Medical Book sent free. HUMPHREY'S HOME MEDICINE CO., Corner Fifth and Spruce, New York.

"ROYAL" BLEND High Grade Coffee
35c Lb., 3 Lbs \$1.00.
MOST DELICIOUS FOR ICING

SLICED	DAY'S The Satisfactory Store	CHIPPED
COOKED		SMOKED
HAM		BEEF
35c A LB		35c A LB

Choicest Fresh Fruits and Vegetables

At this season of the year we give particular attention to choice pic-nic edibles. There are many things ready to serve and you may save time and worry by buying these ready to eat things.

Special this Week, Friday and Saturday

Sugar—25lb Bag best granulated Sugar, \$1.45
15c Succotash, 2 cans for 25c.
15c Imported Macaroni, any style, 12c.
5 lbs our famous KA-U-KA, Coffee, for \$1.00; very special.
25c bottle Hire's Root Beer Extract 20c
15c Libby's Veal Loaf, the can 12c.
1/2lb tin Walter Baker & Co's Cocoa, 22c.
15c pkge Maple Flake, 2 for 25c.
Heinz 25c sour spiced pickles, the bottle 22c.
50c quality Tea including Oolong, Ceylon, Gunpowder Uncolored Basket Fired Japan a lb 40c.
Choicest California Lemons, a dozen 30c.
Large 10c roll Toilet Paper, 8c or 6 rolls 45c.

Fresh Caught Lake Fish LEAVE ORDERS FOR DELIVERY FRIDAY MORNING

PRATT'S REGULATOR

For horses, cattle, sheep, hogs and poultry. The original and best. Get it at Day's.

FREE DELIVERY to all parts of Town
Twice Each Day

You Get Better Values Here.

J. H. DAY,

Phone 6.

Emporium.

RESOLVED
THAT WE HAVE ALL OF US
BEEN IN A TIGHT SQUEEZE AT
SOME TIME OR ANOTHER. BUT
A LITTLE ECONOMY AND CARE
WILL SAVE US LOTS OF WORRY.
BUYING THINGS AT A PLACE
WE CAN'T GET IS ECONOMY
BUSTER BROWN.



WE CARRY THE LAREINE CORSETS BECAUSE OUR PATRONS HAVE TOLD US THAT THEY DO NOT ONLY GIVE THEM GOOD FORM BUT THAT THEY ARE COMFORTABLE AND LAST A LONG TIME. A CORSET YOU KNOW IS THE ONE THING WHICH MOST OF ALL DETERMINES ONES APPEARANCE BECAUSE THE CORSET IS THE PLAN FOR THE BUILDING OF YOUR ATTIRE. BE CAREFUL THEN ABOUT THE KIND OF CORSET YOU GET. WE CAN RECOMMEND THE LAREINE CORSETS TO YOU. WE SELL YOU THE LAREINE CORSETS FOR \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00.

WE SHALL BE PLEASED TO HAVE YOU SEE OUR CORSETS AND OTHER WEARABLES THAT GO WITH THEM.

VERY SPECIAL REDUCTION IN ALL MILLINERY

MRS. E. S. COPPERSMITH.

Pennsylvania Railroad

\$2.90 from Emporium Junction

BRADFORD, PA.

ACCOUNT

Old Home Week

August 8 to 14, 1909

Tickets sold at above rate August 7 to 14, good returning until August 16, inclusive.

Proportionate Fares From Other Stations.

J. R. WOOD,
Passenger Traffic Manager

GEO. W. BOYD,
General Passenger Agent.

OUR SERIAL

THE LOVES of the LADY ARABELLA

By MOLLY ELLIOT SEAWELL

(Copyright, 1906, Bobbe-Merrill Co.)

SYNOPSIS.

At 14 years of age Admiral Sir Peter Hawkshaw's nephew, Richard Glyn, fell deeply in love at first sight with Lady Arabella Stormont, who captured his attention. The lad, an orphan, was given a berth as midshipman on the Ajax by his uncle, Giles Vernon, nephew of Sir Thomas Vernon, because the boy's pal, they attended a theater where Hawkshaw's nephew saw Lady Arabella. Vernon met Philip Overton, next in line for Sir Thomas Vernon's estate. They started a duel which was interrupted. Vernon, Overton and Hawkshaw's nephew found themselves attracted by pretty Lady Arabella. The Ajax in battle defeated French warships in the Mediterranean. Richard Glyn got \$2,000 prize money. He was called home by Lady Hawkshaw as he was about to "blow in" his earnings with Vernon. At a Hawkshaw party Glyn discovered that Lady Arabella was a poor but persistent gambler. He talked much with her cousin Daphne. Lady Arabella again showed love for gaming. Later she held Glyn and Overton prisoners, thus delaying the duel. In the Overton-Vernon duel, neither was hurt. Lady Arabella humiliated Richard by her pranks. Richard and Giles shipped on a frigate. Giles was captured by the French. Sir Peter arranged for his exchange. Daphne showed a liking for Glyn, who was then 21 years of age. Giles was released. Giles and Richard planned elopements. Sir Peter objected to the plan to wed Daphne. By clever ruses Giles and Richard eloped with Lady Arabella and Daphne, respectively. The latter pair were married. Daphne was pleased; Arabella raved in anger. When the party returned, Arabella asked Sir Peter to aid in prosecuting Giles in court on the charge of committing a capital crime.

CHAPTER IX.—Continued.

Such dancing! It was of the kind that was fashionable before the American war, and introduced so many cuts, capers, pigeon-wings, slips, slides and pirouettes, that it was really an art in itself. And her agility was surprising. With her train over her arm, her tiara blazing, and her bird of paradise nodding violently, Lady Hawkshaw's small, high-bred feet twinkled. She was a large woman, too, and she proved that her boast about her legs was well founded. When she came face to face with Sir Thomas Vernon in the dance, instead of turning him, she folded her arms and sailed around him, carefully avoiding touching his hand. And he, the old sinner, being acquainted with that ancient style of dancing, made a caper so exactly like her ladyship's, with so grave a countenance, that the whole ballroom was in a titter. But although the people might laugh at Sir Thomas' excellent mimicry, the sentiment was totally against him, and he found difficulty in getting gentlemen to notice him or ladies to dance with him. With Lady Hawkshaw, on the contrary, it was every man's desire to dance; she was besieged with partners, young and old; but having shown what she could do, she rested upon her laurels, and sat in state the rest of the evening, fanning herself with vast dignity and composure, and occasionally snapping at Sir Peter, who, it must be admitted, made no great figure at a ball.

At last it was over, and we returned to our lodgings. The next day but one we were on our way to the assize hall for the trial of Giles Vernon.

A tremendous crowd was present, and there was difficulty in gaining an entrance; some one, however, in the multitude set up a shout of "Way for Lady Hawkshaw!" and the people fell back, leaving us a clear path to the door, and into the hall itself.

Within that place of judgment all was dignity and decorum. The lords justices in their robes and wigs sat like statues; and, presently, when we were all seated and the crier had pronounced the court open, Giles Vernon was brought in and placed in the prisoners' dock. He looked pale from his confinement, but I thought I had never seen his plain features so nearly handsome. His fine figure was nobly set off by the identical brown and silver suit which the poor fellow had bought for his wedding with Lady Arabella, and, in a flash, came back to me that strange vision I had had at his London lodgings on the night that this unfortunate elopement was first talked of between us. My heart stood still, and I grew sick and faint at the recollection of the rest of that dream, or revelation, or whatever it was.

Giles, meanwhile, had bowed respectfully to the judges, then to the assembled people, who very generally returned his salutation with every mark of politeness. Turning to where we sat, he bowed and smiled. We all rose, and Lady Hawkshaw and Daphne made him deep curtsies. A jury was soon selected and sworn, and the first witness called was Lady Arabella Stormont.

In a moment she entered, leaning upon the arm of Sir Thomas Vernon, and was by him escorted to her place in the witness-box.

Her beauty was almost unearthly. She wore a black gown and a simple white cap, under which the curls of her rich hair shone like burnished gold. She was perfectly composed,

and, after being sworn, began her story in a manner the most quiet and calm. A deep stillness reigned through the vast room, and every one in it caught her lowest word.

Her testimony was entirely clear and straightforward. She related the circumstances of her being dragged off, while coming out of the playhouse at Scarborough; of finding herself along in the chaise with Giles Vernon, who told her he was taking her to Scotland to marry her; that she struggled violently and endeavored to get out of the chaise, and that she was withheld by force by Giles, who severely hurt her wrists, causing blood to flow; and finally, that when she began to scream, Giles put his hand over her mouth and stifled her cries. She said that this conduct was kept up the whole of the night, until they reached Gretna Green at daylight; that all the time Giles was imploring her to marry him, then threatening to kill himself or her; and that she told him many times she preferred death to marriage with him; and at last, on reaching Gretna Green, she defied him and escaped from him.

When she had concluded there was an ominous stillness for a time, and then I saw something which struck a chill to my heart. I had stealthily kept my eyes fixed on the judges to see whether they gave in their countenances any signs of lenity or severity. They were altogether unmoved, except one, who was reported to be a most merciful man. He grew pale and paler as Lady Arabella's story progressed, and I saw him several times wipe the cold sweat from his brow, and at last a sigh broke from him; but I think no one noted it but me, for the multitude of people were absorbed in the sight of this beautiful young woman, so coolly swearing away the life of a man who had loved her.

Giles Vernon bore the ordeal unflinchingly, and when at intervals she looked toward him with a quiet hatred in her glance, he gazed steadily back at her.

She was then to be cross-examined. Many questions were asked her by the great London barrister, who was one of the three defending Giles. One query was, whether she had ever given



"That Lawyer Fellow Is Three Sheets in the Wind!"

Mr. Vernon reason to think she would marry him, to which she replied:

"No; never in my life."

She was then asked if there was another gentleman in the case, and for the first time she showed confusion. Her face grew crimson, and she remained silent. The question was not pressed, and she was soon permitted to retire. When she passed out of the hall she was the divinest picture of beauty and modesty I ever saw. Her eyes sought the floor, and a delicious blush mantled her cheek. I believe that many persons, under the spell of her beauty, thought that she was an unwilling witness, and pitied her youth and inexperience.

But it was hanging testimony she gave, and well she knew it.

After the examination of the post-boys and other witnesses for the prosecution, I was called as the first witness for Giles. I told the circumstances of our agreement to run away with the two charmers of our hearts; and the fact that I had been so readily forgiven, not only by Daphne herself, but by Sir Peter and Lady Hawkshaw, I saw produced a good effect. But when I was asked by the other side if I had ever seen, or if Giles had ever claimed, any willingness on Lady Arabella's part to go off with him, I broke down miserably. My testimony did Giles little good, I fear.

Sir Peter Hawkshaw was the next witness. It was plain from the start that he desired to help Giles, and likewise that he knew very little of the affair until it was all over. But he proved a most entertaining, if discursive witness.

Sir Peter evidently thought the witness-box was his own quarter-deck, and he proceeded to harangue the court in his best manner as a flag officer. He talked of everything except the case; he gave a most animated description of the fight between the Ajax on our side and the Indomitable and Xantippe on the other, praising Giles Vernon's gallantry at every turn. He also aired his views on the subject of the flannel shirts furnished to the navy, alleging that some resally contractors ought to be hanged at the yard-arm for the quality supplied; and wound up by declaring, with great gusto, that if an officer in his majesty's service desired to marry a young lady it was an act of spirit to carry her off, and for his part, fellows of that sort were the kind he should select to lead a boarding party, while the sneaking, law-abiding fellows should be under the hatches when the ship was cleared for action.

Sir Peter's rambling but vigorous talk was not without its effect, upon which I think he had shrewdly calculated. In vain counsel for the crown tried to check him; Sir Peter bawled at them to pipe down, and remarked aloud of the senior counsel who had been most active in trying to suppress him:

"That lawyer fellow is three sheets in the wind, with the other one a flapping!"

The judges, out of respect to him, made no great effort to subdue him, and he had the satisfaction of telling his story his own way. When the prosecution took him in hand, they found, though, that he could very well keep to the subject matter, and they did not succeed in getting anything of the slightest consequence out of him. When he stepped down, I saw that he had in reality done much more good to Giles' cause than I had, although he knew little about the facts, and I knew all.

Then came Lady Hawkshaw's testimony. Sir Peter's was not a patch on it. Like him, she really had no material evidence to give, but, with a shrewdness equal to his, she made a very good plea for the prisoner. She began with a circumstantial account of her own marriage to Sir Peter, in which the opposition of her family was painted in lurid hues. In vain was she again and again checked; she managed to tell her tale against the vigorous objections of the prosecutors, and the somewhat feeble and perfunctory rebuttals from the bench. The jury, however, were plainly so interested in it, that no serious attempt was made to stop her—not that it would have availed anything, for Lady Hawkshaw was not used to stopping for any one.

"No doubt my family could have hounded Sir Peter for marrying me," she announced in the beginning, "but my family, your honors, is an honorable one, and would not condescend to nasty tricks like—" Here she fixed her great black eyes on Sir Thomas Vernon, who smiled blandly and took snuff.

"And as for a man expecting opposition in a girl he is willing to marry, I ask your honors, does a man exist who can believe, until it is proved to him beyond cavil, that there is a woman alive who would not jump for joy to marry him?"

This produced so much laughter that the bailiffs had to enforce order in the hall.

Lady Hawkshaw then, with great ingenuity, referred to Sir Thomas Vernon, "who, in those days, 40 years ago, was not called 'Wicked Sir Thomas,' but plain 'Lying Tom Vernon!'"

This produced a regular uproar, during which Lady Hawkshaw, with great complacency, fanned herself. After a warning from the presiding justice to keep to the matter in hand, she curtisied deeply to him, and immediately resumed her account of Sir Thomas Vernon, in which she told of a certain occasion, in the time of the American war, when, as the royal family was passing to chapel at Windsor, hisses were heard, the king having declined to receive him at the levee on account of his notoriously bad character. And Sir Thomas, being thrust out, was taken by some of the inhabitants of Windsor and ducked in a neighboring horse-pond. At this point, the judge himself courteously but firmly interrupted Lady Hawkshaw, and informed her that she could not be permitted to go on in that strain.

"I shall observe your lordship's caution," she replied, politely, and straightway launched into a description of Sir Thomas' appearance when he emerged from the horse-pond, which brought a smile to every face in court—including even the judge's—except the victim himself, who bit his lip and scowled in fury.

The judges afterward said that Lady Hawkshaw proved to be the most unmanageable witness any and all of them had ever encountered; for, in spite of them, she gave a circumstantial account of every misdeed Sir Thomas Vernon had ever been guilty of in his life, as far as she knew.

The crown lawyers, very wisely, declined to cross-examine this witness. When she stepped down out of the witness-box and took Sir Peter's arm, she passed close to the presiding justice, who happened to have his snuff-box open in his hand. My lady deliberately stopped and took a pinch out of the judge's box, remarking, suavely:

"Your lordship shows excellent taste in preferring the Spanish!"

I thought his lordship would drop out of his chair.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

ENGLISH IDEA OF THE WEST.

Girl Really Knew as Much About It as Many of Her Countrymen.

An Indiana novelist thinks that one of the severest tests ever put upon his risibles was endured at a London dinner table.

The American had been seated next a rosy-cheeked, gray-eyed English girl, who affected an absorbing and flattering interest in the United States, about which she seemed to have imbibed the usual extraordinary ideas of some Britons, especially with regard to the perils to be encountered in the more sparsely settled regions of the west. She tried her best not to be incredulous when assured that things were not really so bad as she imagined.

"It is reassuring to be told that there are not rattlesnakes in all the gardens," she said with a dazzling smile, "but my cousin wrote me not long since that he had seen over 20 wigwags in one little village. Perhaps," she added, as her companion made no immediate response, "perhaps the wigwags are not as venomous as rattlesnakes."—Illustrated Sunday Magazine.

For the Hostess

Chat on Topics of Many Kinds, by a Recognized Authority

A Hay Ride and Corn Party.

Days by the shore are simply glorious this month; the winds have commenced to sing the requiem, and there is beauty in nature which seems to come only with the August moon. But I started out to tell of a hay ride and corn party that was a howling success in every sense of the word.

The hostess appointed a common meeting place, where the great farm wagons with four horses awaited the guests. After a merry ride of ten miles, made gay with resounding horns, a campfire was built, table put up on sawhorses with the long boards that had been brought on the wagon, and the corn feast began.

The hostess had gotten stunning corn-cob place cards, corn-decorated nut holders, popcorn done up in green crepe paper to look like ears of corn. There were boiled ears, roasted ears, corn fritters (the batter made at home and carried in a glass jar) with maple syrup. Of course there were potatoes—sweet and Irish—roasted in the coals, and lots of sandwiches, plain and filled with minced ham.

The candy was an exact reproduction of corn kernels. It was given in little boxes shaped like ears of corn.

A secret of her picnic was revealed by this young woman, who is noted for this form of hospitality. She said she never asked more than 12 to her outdoor affairs, and took especial pains to keep the guests who were congenial in groups, and always provided a man for every girl, if married couples were not invited.

Then she considered always who was to be bidden to a picnic, for there are those who loathe outdoor spreads, and those who "hate" formal dinners. The successful hostess is the one who discriminates closely regarding guest and function.

Forestry Contest.

This is an attractive contest for a limited number of people. It could be used for a large crowd if the questions were printed or even type-written, so as to save the hostess so much writing. For prizes, a polished wood paper weight, a pincushion of Yucca palm, or any article of wooden manufacture. A toy ax or hatchet in a block of wood for a consolation prize would be suitable and provoke much merriment.

1. Which tree a kissing game could play. Tulip.
2. And which its father's name could say. Pawpaw.
3. Which shall we wear to keep us warm. Fir.
4. And which do ships prefer in storm. Bay.
5. Which shows what lovelorn maidens do. Pine.
6. And in the hand which carry you. Palm.
7. And which is it that the fruit men fear. Locust.
8. And from their pipes men shake. Ash.
9. Which tree is it bad boys dislike to see. Birch.
10. Which is a girl both young and sweet. Peach.
11. Which like a man, bright, dapper and neat. Spruce.
12. And on which do children like to play. Beech.
13. To which tree turn we for goods to wear and stuff to burn. Cottonwood.
14. Now divide you one tree more, you've part of a dress and part of a door. Hemlock.
15. Which tree is never seen alone. Pear.
16. And which one is a bright, warm tone. Cherry.
17. And which in church doth office hold. Elder.
18. Which is a town in Ireland old. Cork.
19. For this one do not look so far, which tells what charming people are. Poplar.
20. Which one will ally the pain if promptly rubbed on bruise or sore. Witch-hazel.
21. The carpenter doth use which tree to make his wall straight as can be. Plum.
22. To which tree do urchins call to

- show you and shouldn't have looked at all. Rubber.
23. Which tree on calendars do you find. Date.
24. Which is a joke told many times. Chestnut.
25. Which do we call an Ohio man. Buckeye.
26. And which for soup we sometimes plan. Crab.
27. Which tells where at on land or sea. Elm.
28. And on our feet we'll wear which tree. Sandal.

A Simple Party.

This is certainly a most amusing affair and will repay a hostess for the trouble of arranging for it. But then to be a successful hostess the labor that precedes an event should never enter into the calculations. There must be an equal number of men and women; eight couples make a party easily provided for.

In the invitations to the girls the hostess requests a sample of the gown which they will wear and to the men the missives request a sample of the necktie; these to be sent in advance to the hostess. The samples are neatly mounted on "sample" cards, and the neckties passed to the girls; the dress materials to the men. In this way partners are found for the progressive conversation which will be passed, and the men are to write descriptions of the gown, the sample of which fell to their lot, and the girls are to write about the ties, material, style, etc. Five minutes will be given to these descriptions, and then the papers will be read aloud. The prizes are to be sample packages of any product the hostess may select.

The refreshments are to be novel, inasmuch as the hostess will have the tea and coffee made by a "demonstrator" (one of the party who has been previously asked to do it), and the other things are to be served in boxes marked "Samples." There will be sandwiches of various kinds, olives, salad, small cakes, etc. The contents of the boxes will be spread upon the table, which is to be supplied with all the requisites in the way of dishes.

While at the table the room is to be suddenly darkened and little saucers containing a mixture of chopped nuts, candies and crackers are to be passed and eaten. When the lights are turned on each one is to write down what he has had, the one nearest correct being given a "sample" cake of chocolate.

MADAME MERRIL



Grecian bands of cut jet are pretty as hair ornaments on some young women.

Chamois skin and suede, cut into fringe, appear on some of the fancy hand bags.

Lace will be more than rivaled in popularity by embroidery and braid trimming.

The falene braids in plain colors are used almost exclusively on jaunty jacket suits.

Laces dyed to match the dress are good trimmings on some of the one-color jacket suits.

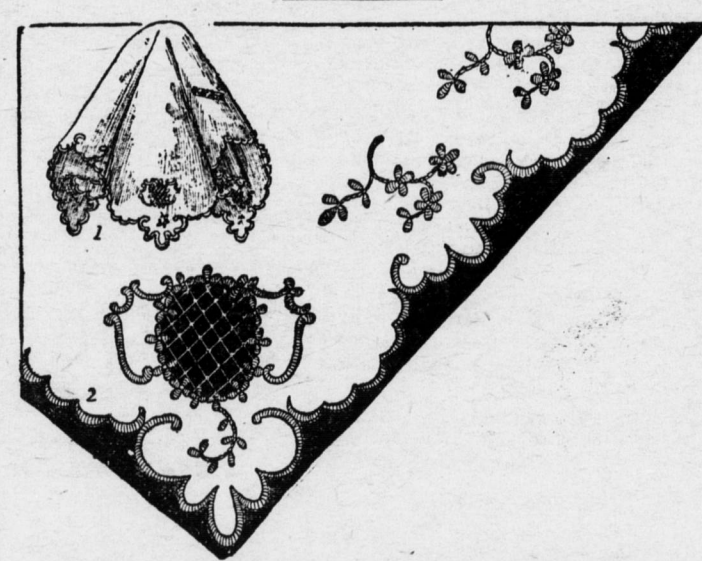
Linens are either very heavy, almost like Russian crash, or they are very thin and fine.

Dainty shoes with fancy straps and ornamental buttons are well liked by young persons.

The bottoms of sleeves are much trimmed, while the upper parts are left absolutely plain.

The Dutch collar, finished at the front with two tiny rosettes and a long tab, is exceedingly dressy.

For Embroidery



This very dainty handkerchief is in grass lawn, the embroidery worked with fine soft cotton. The size of handkerchief should be decided on, then tracings of the designs taken and arranged in a square.

Cut the lawn an inch larger than the finished handkerchief is to be, then transfer the design either with black carbonic paper or blue tracing cloth. The little forget-me-not design round the opening in the corner is worked in satin stitch, then the lawn is cut away from the center, and a net-work of lace stitches worked to fill it in. The sprays are in satin stitch, with cording stitch stalks. The scalloped edge is worked over in buttonhole stitch. In cutting the material away at the edge, care must be taken not to cut the stitches.

WANTS HER LETTER PUBLISHED

For Benefit of Women who Suffer from Female Ills

Minneapolis, Minn.—"I was a great sufferer from female troubles which caused a weakness and broken down condition of the system. I read so much of what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound had done for other suffering women I felt sure it would help me, and I must say it did help me wonderfully. My pains all left me, I grew stronger, and within three months I was a perfectly well woman."

"I want this letter made public to show the benefit women may derive from Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."—Mrs. JOHN G. MOLDAN, 2115 Second St., North, Minneapolis, Minn.

Thousands of unsolicited and genuine testimonials like the above prove the efficiency of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, which is made exclusively from roots and herbs.

Women who suffer from those distressing ills peculiar to their sex should not lose sight of these facts or doubt the ability of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to restore their health.

If you want special advice write to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. She will treat your letter as strictly confidential. For 20 years she has been helping sick women in this way, free of charge. Don't hesitate—write at once.

VERY ABRUPT.



Spring Foot—Yes, sir; I can write about anything, sir.

Irate Editor—Well, then, suppose you just right-about face and head for the door.

Good Work Among Children.

According to a statement of the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis over 2,500,000 of the 17,000,000 school children enrolled in the United States have during the school year just closed been systematically instructed concerning the dangers of consumption and the methods for its cure and prevention. Besides the 2,500,000 children thus instructed in their schools, the National Association estimates that fully 1,000,000 more have received instructions at the various tuberculosis exhibits held in all parts of the country or through separate classes and organizations.

How an Angry Woman Looked.

The other day we saw an angry woman in a street car and her face was anything but a pleasant picture. She was angry at the conductor, entirely without cause, and that made her look more terrible than if she had had a real grievance.—Nebraska Journal.

SURPRISED HIM Doctor's Test of Food.

A doctor in Kansas experimented with his boy in a test of food and gives the particulars. He says:

"I naturally watch the effect of different foods on patients. My own little son, a lad of four, had been ill with pneumonia and during his convalescence did not seem to care for any kind of food.

"I knew something of Grape-Nuts and its rather fascinating flavor, and particularly of its nourishing and nerve-building powers, so I started the boy on Grape-Nuts and found from the first dish that he liked it.

"His mother gave it to him steadily and he began to improve at once. In less than a month he had gained about eight pounds and soon became so well and strong we had no further anxiety about him.

"An old patient of mine, 73 years old, came down with serious stomach trouble and before I was called had got so weak he could eat almost nothing, and was in a serious condition. He had tried almost every kind of food for the sick without avail.

"I immediately put him on Grape-Nuts with good, rich milk and just a little pinch of sugar. He exclaimed when I came next day 'Why doctor I never ate anything so good or that made me feel so much stronger.'

"I am pleased to say that he got well on Grape-Nuts, but he had to stick to it for two or three weeks, then he began to branch out a little with rice or an egg or two. He got entirely well in spite of his almost hopeless condition. He gained 22 pounds in two months which at his age is remarkable.

"I could quote a list of cases where Grape-Nuts has worked wonders."

"There's a Reason." Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

REAL BASIS FOR IMPROVING CORN PLANT

There are Three Ways in Which Advancement Can be Secured and Careful Study is Urged.—By Edward M. East.

Ever since plant breeding has been brought to the front as a means of increasing yields and producing new qualities, distinct from the mere feeding of crops by means of fertilizers, we have been taught that by selection we could accomplish anything. Take the character length of ear as a concrete example, says Edward M. East in Rural New Yorker. Variations in length are seen in every field of corn, no matter what the variety. If we select the longest ears in successive seasons we are taught that we shall continually improve the strain in this character. Even the teachers have always had an inward consciousness that there must be a limit to the progress that could be made in this way, but the thought has been indefinite, and has been designedly kept in abeyance. The man who has been so indiscreet as to ask where the limit of his improvement is to be has been judiciously steered into other lines of thought. Some questions are hard to answer, and it was more interesting to let him dream of the time he could fill an order for a bushel of corn with one lone ear.

Likewise, we have been taught that by hybridizing two strains we could obtain any desired new character or quality if we only continued on the job for a sufficient length of time. We

can probably be made, although some biologists are beginning to lose faith in it because the results scarcely pay for the trouble. This is the selection of fluctuations. Fluctuations are the variations that are not due to structural changes in the reproductive cells, but simply to nutrition. They are, therefore—strictly speaking—not inherited, but simply give temporary aid in the development of the next generation. For example, let us imagine two corn plants having exactly the same characters; one of these plants has grown on good soil and is well developed, while the other has grown on poorer soil and is weakly developed. The seed of the well-nurtured plant has more nutriment stored up in it, and the young seedling that it produces has a better start in life than has a seedling from the poorly-nurtured plant. The actual characters inherited by the two plants are the same, but the seedlings from the poorly nurtured plant are handicapped, and are not so well able to utilize their food supply and produce a normal well-developed plant. This is also true of poorly-nourished animals.

Let us apply these principles to corn breeding. Corn is a wind-pollinated plant, therefore when a change takes place in the reproductive cells

MASTER KEEPS MAID'S KISS.

Appropos of Lord Northcote's name being mentioned as a probable successor to Earl Grey in Canada, his lordship was once made curious use of while governor general of Australia. Strolling one night through an avenue of somber trees to a friend's house to dinner, he was suddenly pounced upon by a maid servant, who kissed him effusively and pressed a little parcel into his hand. "Here's a sausage for you. I can't come out to-night, as master has company," she whispered, and as mysteriously disappeared.

When he got to the house he found one of his servants loitering by the gate. "What are you doing there?" asked Lord Northcote.

"I'm waiting for my sweetheart," the man stammered.

"Where is she?"

"In service here."

"Ah, then, I am right. Here is a sausage from my sweetheart, and she wishes me to tell you that she cannot come out to-night, as her master has company." Seeing that the man looked nervous, he added, kindly: "She also gave me a kiss for you; but perhaps you would rather wait until you see her. Here is five shillings instead."

HIS REASON.



"Do you play golf for your nerves or for general exercise?"

"I play for practical purposes. I find that it is necessary to spend most of my time on the links in order to find the people with whom I wish to talk business."

Vacationing.

Now goes the city girl afar,
And shins to the top bough
Of some tall tree and calls for help
When first she meets a cow.

No Bribery.

The manager of a ship yard assembled his men together in the time office and told them to vote in a certain election as they pleased.

"In fact, I shan't tell you how I'm going to vote," he said; "but after it is all over, I shall have a barrel of beer brought into the yard—('Hear! Hear!') shouted the men—but I shan't tap it unless Mr. White gets in."—Penny Pictorial.

Vacation Days.

Old Father Time was observed to be seeking seclusion.

"You don't make yourself prominent in the summer season," remarked the friend.

"No," responded Father Time, with a shake of his head, "it is too dangerous."

"Dangerous?"

"Yes, in summer so many people are trying to 'kill time'."

USELESS ADVICE.



"I would advise you," said the doctor, "to avoid drinking coffee."

"I do," replied the patient. "I board."

Heavenly.

When perspiration pours and pours
Adown each cheek and down each limb,
How nice to be at the seashore
Teaching some maiden how to swim.

Why He Lost Out.

Jack—I called on Miss Gotrox a few times last winter and tried to make love to her, but failed.

Tom—Wouldn't she stand for it? Jack—Oh, she seemed to be willing enough, but no man can make love to a woman successfully when there is a cuckoo clock in the parlor.

Plenty of Holes.

Gritty George (reading fashion magazine)—I see, pard, dat ventilated shoes will be worn dis summer.

Sandy Pikes—Ventilated shoes? Shucks! I've been wearing dem all me life. Don't yer think dis pair I have on is ventilated enough?

A Palpable Mistake.

"I overheard your husband say the other day that he was self-educated." "Yes, I know he claims to be self-educated, but you ought to of saw him when I got him."

CALLING DOWN THE BOASTER

Good Little Story Told by William Dean Howells as a Rebuke to Spread-Eagleism.

"It was William Dean Howells," said a Chicago editor, "who first rebuked us Americans for our spread-eagleism, for our foolish boasting. I see that Mr. Howells has just joined a men's society for the promotion of woman suffrage. Trust him to be in the forefront always."

"I once heard Mr. Howells deliver a fourth of July oration in Maine. The orator preceding him had boasted a good deal. Mr. Howells showed that some of the man's boasts were even impious."

"He said that these spread-eagle boasters deserved the rebuke that the little child administered to the cackling hen that had just laid an egg. The child, angered by the hen's continuous caw-caw-caw, caw-caw-caw, shook his little finger at her and said:

"You think you're smart. But Dad made dat egg. You couldn't help but lay it!"

SKIN ERUPTION CURED.

Was So Sore, Irritating and Painful That Little Sufferer Could Not Sleep—Scratched Constantly.

Cuticura's Efficacy Clearly Proven.

"When about two and a half years old my daughter broke out on her hips and the upper parts of her legs with a very irritating and painful eruption. It began in October; the first I noticed was a little red surface and a constant desire on her part to scratch her limbs. She could not sleep and the eruptions got sore, and yellow water came out of them. I had two doctors treat her, but she grew worse under their treatment. Then I bought the Cuticura Remedies and only used them two weeks when she was entirely well. This was in February. She has never had another rough place on her skin, and she is now fourteen years old. Mrs. R. R. Whitaker, Winchester, Tenn., Sept. 22, 1908."

Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston.

He Bit.

The city man was jogging on toward the summer boarding-house in a rickety old wagon. The driver was glum and far from entertaining, and the city man felt rather lonely.

"Fine field over there," he ventured, after a long silence.

"Fine," grunted the driver.

"Who owns it?"

"Old man Bitt."

"Old man Bitt, eh? Who are those children stacking up hay?"

"Old man Bitt's boys."

"And what is his idea in having them out there in the field such a hot day?"

"Wal, I reckon he thinks every little Bitt helps, stranger. Anything else you want to know? Get up here, hosses."

Pathos in a Fire Report.

In the annual report of the fire marshal of Kentucky the following extract is not without a suggestion of "Little Boy Blue":

"Among the odds and ends of the attic, usually are vanished furniture, rags smeared with grease to take fire themselves, painting oils liable to take fire when the sun beats on the roof, and broken toys of children who are grown and gone away, or who went to sleep long ago."

Best Clubs for a Youth.

They tell a story in Wall street that Mr. Morgan once replied to a young friend, who had asked him what were the best clubs to belong to in New York. "Young man, the very best clubs to devote your time to are Indian clubs."

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What Is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

WHY, OF COURSE.



"Farmer, which of those cows of yours gives the buttermilk?"

"None of 'em. The goat."

His Preference.

Commander Maxwell of the navy enjoys telling of an unique complaint preferred by a recruit.

On every man-of-war the bar of justice is aft in front of the "stick" or mast. The recruit had gone to the stick to "state" his grievance. "Well, what do you want?" asked the executive officer.

"Please, sir, I want to complain of the breakfast this morning."

"What did you have?"

"Burgoo, crack-hash, hard tack and coffee, sir."

"What did you expect?"

"Please, sir, I always like to start my breakfast with a nice steak and a pair of eggs."—Illustrated Sunday Magazine.

Neatly Put.

Two Quakers were having an argument and one considered the other was speaking falsely. This is how he reproved him:

"Friend Thomas, I will not call thee by any bad name, but if the mayor were to ask me who was the greatest liar in the town I would haster to thee and say: 'Thomas, I think the mayor greatly desireth to speak with thee.'"

His Need.

"What you require," said Know-it-all, "is a thrifty, economical wife."

"Why?" asked his friend blankly.

"Because you're a poor young man," was the answer.

"You're wrong. What I need is a wealthy, liberal wife."

It is a mother's duty to keep constantly on hand some reliable remedy for use in case of sudden accident or mishap to the children. Hamlin's Wizard Oil can be depended upon for just such emergencies.

Some men never think of earning an honest living until they accidentally get a good, hard jolt in the right spot.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

He who honestly seeks to save another finds himself.



DR. J. D. KELLOGG'S ASTHMA REMEDY FOR THE PROMPT RELIEF OF ASTHMA & HAY FEVER. ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR IT.

WRITE FOR FREE SAMPLE. HORTON & LYMAN CO. BUFFALO, N.Y.

W. N. U., CLEVELAND, NO. 31-1909.



A Tonic For The Whole Family

This splendid tonic will keep every member of your family in good health. Adults suffering from dyspepsia, or indigestion, general exhaustion or breakdown will find in this natural tonic renewed health and strength. Delicate, rapidly growing children will find in this tonic the assistance their digestive organs need to get the proper nourishment and strength from their food.

DR. D. JAYNE'S TONIC VERMIFUGE

acts directly on the stomach and other digestive organs, toning them up and enabling them to do their work properly. In this way it brings about permanent health and strength. On the other hand, ordinary tonics, which give artificial strength by stimulation and by supplying food material, are only effective as long as they are taken.

Sold by All Druggists—8 sizes, 50c. and 35c.

Take Dr. D. Jayne's Expectant if you want to get rid of your Cough or Cold.

SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Heartily Eating. A perfect remedy for Bile, Headache, Neuralgia, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable. SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

Genuine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature. REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

Biliousness

"I have used your valuable Cascarets and I find them perfect. Couldn't do without them. I have used them for some time for indigestion and biliousness and am now completely cured. Recommend them to everyone. Once tried, you will never be without them in the family."—Edward A. Marx, Albany, N.Y.

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken or Grip. 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C.C.C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back.

KNOWN SINCE 1836 AS RELIABLE PLANTEN'S C & C OR BLACK CAPSULES. SUPERIOR REMEDY FOR URINARY DISCHARGES. DRUGGISTS or BY MAIL ON RECEIPT OF 50c. H. PLANTEN & SON, 93 HENRY STREET, BROOKLYN, N.Y.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

WHITE and BROWN FERRETS for SALE. Prices free. Best Bred, Washington, D.C. & F. D. McJ.

Breezy County News

SINNAMAHONING.

W. H. Mitchell, Dentist, Emporium.
Mrs. W. H. Metzger and son Leon, of Idamar, Pa., are visiting friends and relatives in town.

Rev. T. J. Fulton, of Oriole, visited relatives in town last week and caught a nice lot of trout.

Georgia Drum has returned to her home at Laquin. Mrs. James Russell and children accompanied her.

J. H. Fry and wife have returned from a visit in the southern part of the state. Mrs. G. E. Fry and children accompanied them home.

Mrs. C. W. Gray, Helen Council and Charlotte Brooks were visitors in Williamsport last week.

Myrtle Shafer attended her grandmother's funeral at Emporium last week.

Mrs. Jos. Kinsley and daughter Marguerite have returned home after an extended visit with friends and relatives at and near Emporium.

Mrs. Theodore Culp, of York, and Mrs. Will Shafer and daughter of Ridgway were in town last Saturday.

Mrs. Roxena Welton and daughter Margery and Mrs. O. L. Bailey are visiting in Philadelphia and Atlantic City.

Rebecca Butlorf left last Friday for an extended visit to relatives and friends in the southern part of the state.

Helen Council is visiting friends in Keating Summit.

Hon. C. F. Barclay returned from Washington, D. C., Sunday, Aug. 1st. He expects to start for Seattle, Wash., Friday the 6th, in company with W. L. Barclay, of Laquin, Penn'a.

Hon. J. A. Wykoff's house was completely destroyed by fire Monday, August 2nd. We understand the fire caught in the roof. Part of the furniture was saved.

Theodore Kephart who works at Laquin, Pa., spent Sunday with his family here.

Mrs. Wm. Crain and son spent Sunday with friends at First Fork.

Mrs. Sarah Keck visited relatives in town last week.

Mrs. M. O'Connor is quite ill.

J. G. Johnson has purchased a fine driving horse.

A. F. Swartwood who has been working at Westport, returned home last Saturday and is now working at dynamite works here.

Mrs. A. T. Swartwood and sister Mrs. Jones visited in Emporium last week.

Mrs. Hy. Fisher, of Driftwood, spent Sunday in town.

Mrs. Howard Kriner and children, of North Bend, visited Mrs. Shirk the first of the week. Mrs. Kriner was formerly Miss Emily Emery.

Jeff Askey was in town Monday of this week.

Douglas McCall has improved his dwelling by giving it a coat of paint. The school directors are making some repairs to the school houses and we understand they are to be painted.

X. X. X.

First Presbyterian Church.

Paul J. Lux, Pastor.

Morning Worship and Sermon, 10:30.

Sermon, "A False Step."

Sunday School, 11:45.

Junior endeavor, 3 p. m.

Christian Endeavor, 6:30.

Evening Service, 7:30. Sermon, "God or Hall?"

Come and worship with us. A cordial invitation to all.

Look Here.

It seems too bad that a few members of the Young Missionary Workers Band can't meet and do a little work without being coaxed. It was to meet, as you saw in the PRESS, July 29th, but so few members had courage enough to get out that we couldn't do any business. Now, we will appoint another meeting at Mrs. Frank Craven's Aug. 12th, 1909. This is the third attempt, now please come and do your best, so it won't be a failure altogether.

LETTIE CRAVEN, Sec'y.

Granulated Sore Eyes Cured.

"For twenty years I suffered from a bad case of granulated sore eyes, says, Martin Boyd, of Henrietta, Ky. 'In February, 1900, a gentleman asked me to try Chamberlain's Salve. I bought one box and used about two-thirds of it and my eyes have not given me any trouble since.' This salve is for sale by Geo. C. Taggart.

Nothing in the line of Canned Goods, Meats, Fish or Fruits but you can get at C. B. Howard & Co's.

Sale of Straw Hats have exceeded our expectation, but have a few left. If you desire one, call at C. B. Howard & Co's.

Don't forget always a fresh line of Crackers and Cookies at C. B. Howard & Co's.

FIRST FORK.

W. H. Mitchell, Dentist, Emporium.
The second installment of the drought is now on and if it holds on, the potatoes will be "small potatoes and few in a hill." Corn appears to be doing first-rate and it is about the only crop that is. Hay crop mostly secured, and a very light crop too.

Mrs. A. E. Woodard and daughter Mina, of Salamanca, N. Y., who have been visiting R. M. Williams and wife returned home on Aug. 1st, after spending a day or two with friends at Costello and Austin.

M. J. Colcord, wife and son were in here from Coudersport a few days last week and returned home on Saturday.

John W. Peters, of East Fork, and his son, returned home Monday, after a visit at B. B. Lorschbaugh's, and gathering in their years supply of huckleberries. John was formerly a resident of this place.

C. E. Logue has shipped several hundred quarts of huckleberries this season to DuBois and other points on the B. & S. R. R.

Thousands of bushels of blackberries are going to waste in Hammersley for lack of pickers.

News like the weather appears to be pretty well dried up.

NUP SED.

MEDIX RUN.

W. H. Mitchell, Dentist, Emporium.
Mrs. Alfred Marsh and Miss Moon from this place left here Sunday afternoon for Nebraska.

Born to Dean Seeley and wife, Saturday, July 31, a baby girl.

Harold Snyder, of Williamsport, is visiting relatives in town.

Mrs. Wm. Backus who went some time ago to Williamsport hospital has returned home no better. She decided to go to Punxsutawney hospital and left for there this week accompanied by her sister Mrs. Thomas Dalton and nephew Harold Snyder.

Mr. Rover and wife, of Driftwood, are visiting L. B. Russell and wife at this place.

Fred Slocum, of Sinnamahoning, visited his parents at this place over Sunday.

The sheep roast held Sunday at Rock Hill Grove, about two miles from town was a success. Mr. Robinson cur landlord furnished the sheep and Billie Posinger cooked them. There were about thirty men to enjoy the feast, but all of them didn't have enough sheep. They are all patiently waiting for another sheep roast which will be held next Sunday at the same place. Everybody is invited to come and spend the day at the grove.

Mrs. Clara McKay and son George, of Tyler, visited in town this week.

They started to rebuild this week, they are setting the posts and the mill will be on the old foundation, which is stone. They have been several days picking up old iron and burnt cars. We are certainly glad they are building the mill again as it was a great loss to our community.

Mr. Gage and wife, of Roaring Branch, who have been visiting their son at this place returned home one day last week.

Maggie Khoer, of Centerville, is visiting relatives in town.

Dr. Free, of Punxsutawney, was in town Saturday evening to see Mrs. Wm. Bokus who is seriously ill.

Harry Allen who has been visiting his sister, Mrs. Bostie, at this place, returned to his home at Linden Friday.

Hellen DeHaas and Topka Shaffer were in town visiting Thursday afternoon.

The tannery here which has been shut down for a few days started this week. The employees will all be glad because they do not like the looks of the bark stack.

Ed. Moors, of this place, spent Sunday with his family at Newberry.

The infant twins of Clarence King and wife are very ill with cholera infantum.

John McDonald from this vicinity attended the ball game at Driftwood Saturday.

A. J. Chambers and son Harry, of Driftwood, attended the dance here Saturday night and the sheep roast Sunday.

Fred Seeley who went to California about a year ago returned home a few days ago on account of the serious illness of his father who underwent an operation at the Williamsport hospital some time ago and is home much improved in health at this writing.

Ben Francis of Hicks Run, was seen on our streets Sunday.

Ezra Peters, of Spring Run, visited his sister at this place over Sunday.

Elmer Chambers, of Byrndaale, were callers in town Saturday.

A birthday party was held at Herman Millers, Wednesday evening, for her daughter-in-law, Mrs. George Miller. A number of young people were present and enjoyed the evening very much and also the fine supper.

A dance will be held in the band hall every Saturday evening; ice cream will be served. Everybody invited to come and enjoy the evenings.

A supper was held in Robinson's Hall for the Red Men Tuesday evening. They had a fine supper, chicken and ice cream and everything on the market. Mrs. McLaughlin cooked the supper and they all spent a pleasant evening.

An invitation dance was held in Robinson's Hall, Wednesday evening. C. M. Chambers and Sam Arndt furnished the music. There were about 20 couple present.

X. X. X.

The Nuform

Corset is surprisingly easy and helpful in preserving the figure to its best advantage; there are no hard lines or constraint at any point of the fit.

The new Princess Gowns require the right Corset. Your gown will not fit and be stylish unless made over the new Long Shape Corset.

We have the new shapes of the celebrated

W. B. CORSETS

which are correct in every way; style and comfort is combined with durability.



Prices are \$1.00 and \$1.50. We also have a very excellent corset at 50c, of the same make.

R. KUEHNE, Emporium's Greatest Store

HUNTLEY.

W. H. Mitchell, Dentist, Emporium.
Roy Smith, of Renovo, called on his parents, L. H. Smith and wife, Sunday.

Wm. Nelson and Clyde Collins, of Hicks Run, were callers in town Sunday.

Lloyd Logue, of Renovo, called on his parents, Wm. H. Logue and wife of this place, Sunday.

Walter Logue has discovered a new model fire escape and expects to get it patented in the near future.

Thomas Kilburn, of Kane, Pa., was the guest of his father Wm. Kilburn, Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. John L. Johnson is visiting relatives and friends at Renovo this week.

We are informed that G. S. Hill and family will soon move in our midst. We are glad to see them come. Gertrude Hill will be our teacher again this year, her last term here being a very successful one.

We have been informed that our old friend C. W. Barr has incorporated with Mr. Bailey, of Sinnamahoning, in erecting a large saw mill at the above named place for the accommodation of the several owners of small timber tracts in this county. This will be a great boom for Cameron county and we know it will be a success if C. W. Barr takes hold of the business.

S. B.

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy Never Known to Fail.

"I have used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy since it was first introduced to the public in 1971, and have never found one instance where a cure was not speedily effected by its use. I have been a commercial traveler for eighteen years, and never start out on a trip without this, my faithful friend," says H. S. Nicholas of Oakland, Ind. Ter. For sale by Geo. C. Taggart.

No matter how long you have suffered Foley's Kidney Remedy will help you. Mrs. S. L. Bowen, of Wayne, W. Va., writes: "I was a sufferer from kidney disease, so that at times I could not get out of bed, and when I did I could not stand straight. I took Foley's Kidney Remedy. One dollar bottle and part of the second cured me entirely." It will cure you. Sold by all druggists.

Palmetto Molasses and Globe Syrup in cans at C. B. Howard & Co's.

Cedar Shingles \$4.50 per thousand at C. B. Howard & Co's.

STERLING RUN.

W. H. Mitchell, Dentist, Emporium.
Lee Thompson who is attending school at Ann Arbor, Mich., was the guest of his aunt, Laura Smith, the past week.

The Whiting picnic was held in Mason's Grove on Saturday. Those from out of town present were: Louis and Retta Whiting, of Ridgway, and Mrs. Carrie (Whiting) Herrick and family, of St. Marys.

The rainy-day pic-nickers who are the upper 400 of Sterling, held a moonlight picnic at the home of Mrs. C. G. Howett, Saturday night.

Flora B. Ebersole and Jesse Patchel, of Hicks Run were visitors in town Sunday.

The two Misses Johnson, of Foxburg, were the guests of Xenia Brooks recently. The one is an author of considerable note.

The M. E. Sunday School held their annual picnic at Maple Grove, Thursday. All had an enjoyable time.

Mrs. Laura (Rockwell) Bryan, of New York, formerly of Cameron, was a visitor in town the past week.

Mrs. Thomas Eddy, who has been quite ill, is better at this writing.

The Sterling Run base ball team played Driftwood Saturday, score 10 to 11 in favor of home team.

Mrs. Thos. Marks and children, of Olean, are the guests of her mother, Mrs. S. L. Bunce.

Mrs. J. R. Frank attended the funeral of Mrs. Mumford at East Emporium, Friday.

The two Misses Davis, after spending a week with their aunt, Mrs. John May, returned to their home at Williamsport Sunday.

Ralph Goodall has just finished painting the section house in which John May lives; also John E. Smith has given his barn a coat of red paint, which all adds to the beauty of our little village. Now if the post office building, and a few other buildings were treated likewise what an improvement it would be?

Mrs. Ellen Mason visited friends at Emporium and Huntley the past week.

Mrs. Miller and children after spending several weeks with relatives in this vicinity returned to their home at Williamsport Saturday.

Paul Biko, of Ridgway, was a visitor in town Saturday.

The Sterling Run, Jr., base ball team played Cameron Jr., Monday, score 17 to 1 in favor of Sterling Run, Jr.

Mrs. Mary Bennett and daughter, of

Warren, were the guests of her sister, Mrs. G. H. Howlett, the past week.

J. A. Dice, our Penny ticket agent, attended an agents meeting at Kane, Thursday.

John Housler has been quite ill the past week, but is better at this writing. A large blacksnake measuring about five feet was killed near the home of Mrs. T. M. Lewis Sunday.

T. J. Lynch has purchased a handsome monument which he has erected at the grave of his mother.

BLUE BELL.

CAMERON.

H. W. Mitchell, dentist, Emporium.
Mrs. Frank Bryan departed for her home in New York Tuesday.

G. L. Page moved his household goods from Warren Tuesday.

Mrs. J. B. Simpson left for home in Denver, Col., Tuesday.

Wm. Wykoff wears a smile that won't rub off. It's a boy. Cigars Bill.

W. H. Rumberger of P. R. R. force of Renovo, spent a few hours here Tuesday.

Dan'l Sullivan, Jr., of the U. S. Cavalry, who is on a two month's furlough, visiting his parents here, gave a fine exhibition of horsemanship Sunday.

There is a base ball game scheduled for Wednesday between the "Swatters" and Sterling Run.

Mrs. Laura Bryon visited her old home at Sterling Run, on Friday.

Geo. Zaner of Calder, pitched a fine game of ball for Sterling Run on Friday, against Driftwood, striking out 12 men. The score was a tie, 11-11.

LOUISE.

Take Notice.

All persons are recommended to take Foley's Kidney Remedy for backache, rheumatism, and kidney and bladder trouble. It will quickly correct urinary irregularities, which if neglected may develop into a serious illness. It will restore health and strength. Do not neglect signs of kidney or bladder trouble and risk Bright's disease or diabetes. Sold by all druggists.

Emmanuel Church Services.
Aug. 8, Ninth Sunday after Trinity.

8:00 a. m., Holy Communion.

10:30 a. m., Morning Prayer and sermon.

7:30 p. m., Evening Prayer.

Special Sale, Beginning Friday, Aug. 6th OF Table Damask, Towels, Sheets, Pillow Cases, Sheeting, Etc.

Remnants of Bleached Table Damask 60 inches wide, very pretty patterns, each piece contains 2 to 4 yards, regular price 60c per yard. Sale price per yard 47c.

12½c quality unbleached Turkish Towels of good quality and size, regular price 12 1-2, Sale price each 9c.

19c quality unbleached Turkish Towels, extra size and splendid quality, regular price 19c, sale price 15c.

19c quality, bleached Turkish Towels, large size and excellent quality, regular price 19c, sale price 15c.

19c quality heavy bleached Birds Eye Towels, hemstitched borders, extra good quality, regular price 19c, sale price 15c.

72x90 good quality bleached Sheets, seam in centre, regular price 50c, sale price, each 43c

81x90 good quality bleached Sheets, seam in centre, regular price 60c, sale price, each 49c.

81x90 best quality seamless bleached Sheets, regular price 79c, sale price, each 69c.

45x36 or 42x36 best quality, linen finish, hemstitched Pillow Cases, regular price 18c, sale price 14c.

12x12 Linen Napkins, hemmed. Made to sell for 10c, at each 3c Blue Check Gingham Aprons, sale price each 7c.

Our great Sale of Summer Merchandise continues. Suits, Coats, Millinery, Parasols away below cost. Hundreds of other bargains are now offered throughout the store at greatly reduced prices. You can't afford to miss this sale.

Intense Colicky Pains Relieved.

"For some years I suffered from intense colicky pains which would come on at times and from which I could find no relief," says I. S. Mason, of Beaver Dam, Ky. "Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy was recommended to me by a friend. After taking a few doses of the remedy I was entirely relieved. That was four years ago and there has been no return of the symptoms since that time." This remedy is for sale by Geo. C. Taggart.

People with chronic bronchitis, asthma and lung trouble, will find great relief and comfort in Foley's Honey and Tar, and can avoid suffering by commencing to take it at once. Sold by all druggists.

Take Kodol at the time when you feel what you have eaten is not digesting. Kodol digests what you eat so you can eat sufficiently of any good, wholesome food, if you will just let Kodol digest it. Sold by all dealers.

Pure Water!

DRINK SIZERVILLE MINERAL WATER

Clean, Pure and Healthy.

We are prepared to furnish the citizens of Emporium this popular Water, either PLAIN OR CARBONATED, in bottles. Drop a postal card—we will do the rest. The analysis of the celebrated Sizerville Water has made it famous all over the country.

Orders may be left at Geo. F. Balcom's store, or water may be purchased by the case at the same place.

Address,

Magnetic Mineral Water Co.,
SIZERVILLE, PA.

Foley's Honey and Tar
cures colds, prevents pneumonia.